

ATR 2019 – 24^{ème} Congrès National de Réanimation

Prise en charge ventilatoire des BPCO en réanimation

Pr Alexandre Demoule

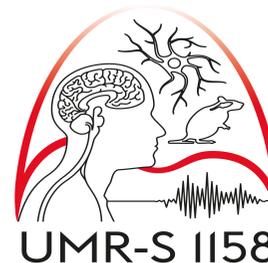
Pneumologie – Médecine Intensive – Réanimation

Hôpital Pitié-Salpêtrière – Sorbonne Université



Inserm

La science pour la santé
From science to health



Liens d'intérêt

Contrats de recherche, expertise, exposés, inscription à des congrès

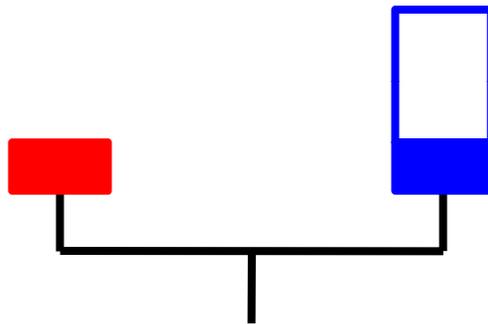
- Philips: contrat de recherche
- Getinge: intervention
- Air Liquide santé: contrat de recherche
- Baxter : expertise, intervention
- Hamilton : intervention
- Respinor : contrat de recherche
- Lungpacer : contrat de recherche, expertise
- Fisher & Paykel : congrès, intervention

Charge - Compensation

Sujet sain

charges

compensation



équilibre

BPCO

charges

compensation



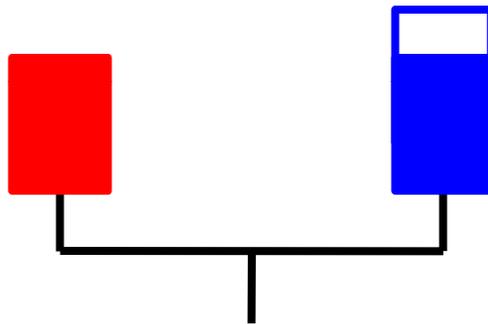
équilibre

Charge - Compensation

Sujet sain

charges

compensation

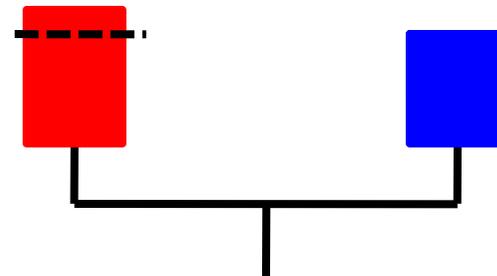


équilibre

BPCO

charges

compensation



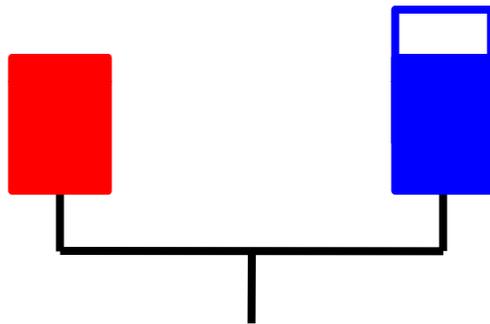
déséquilibre

Charge - Compensation

Sujet sain

charges

compensation

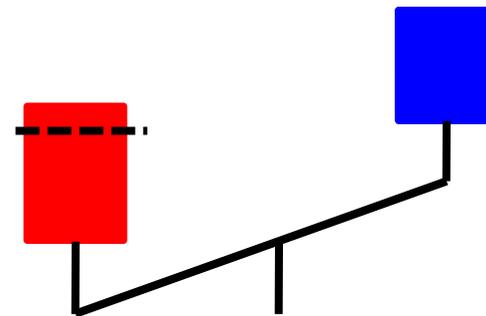


équilibre

BPCO

charges

compensation



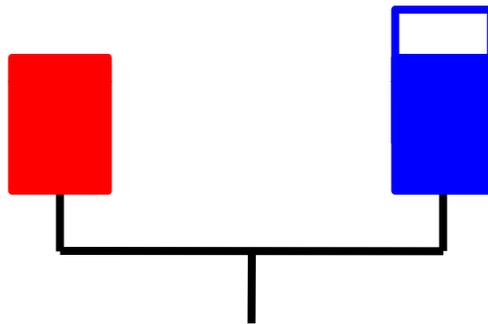
décompensation

Charge - Compensation

Sujet sain

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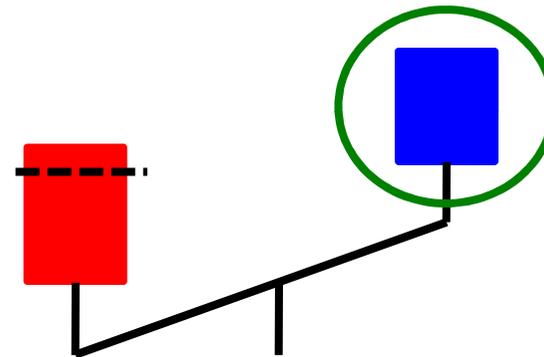


équilibre

BPCO

charges

compensation



décompensation

The birth of NIV

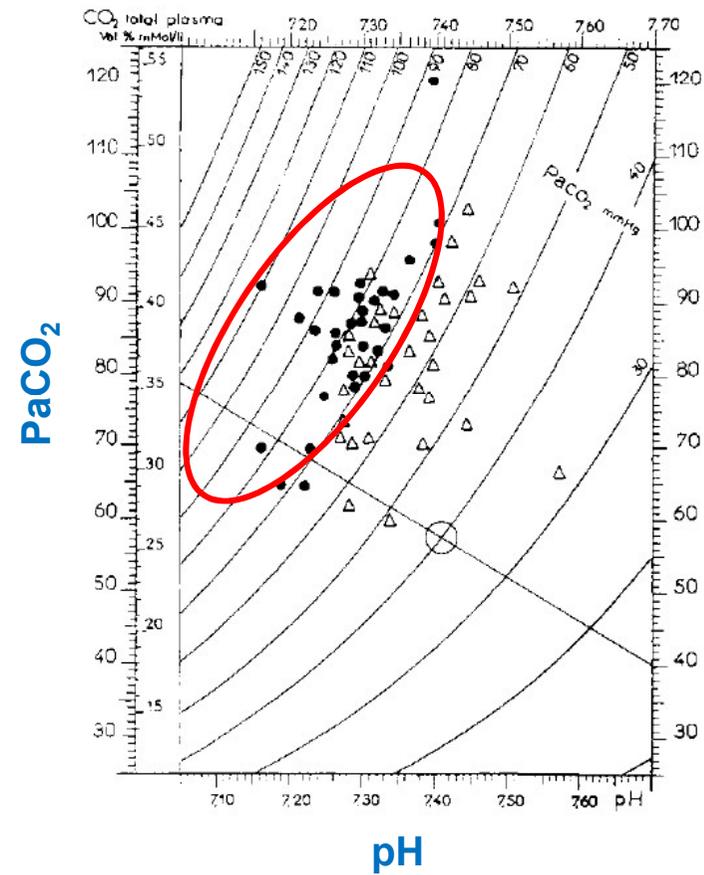
TRAITEMENT
PAR VENTILATION INSTRUMENTALE DE 100 CAS
D'INSUFFISANCE RESPIRATOIRE AIGUE SEVERE
(PaCO₂ égale ou supérieure à 70 mmHg)
CHEZ DES PULMONAIRES CHRONIQUES

P. SADOUL, M.-C. AUG, R. GAY



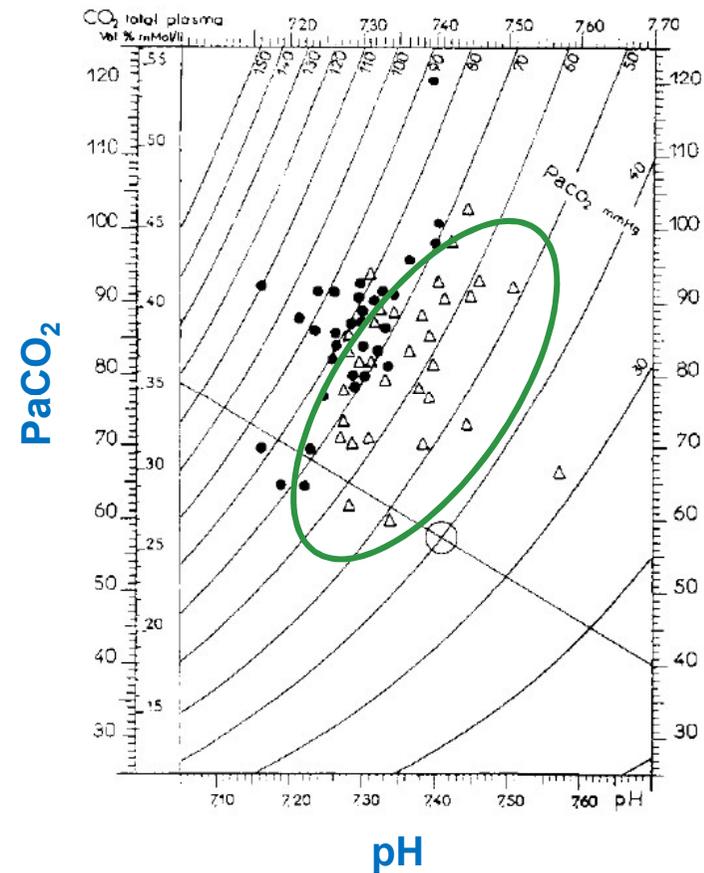
*Bulletin Européen de
Physiopathologie Respiratoire
- 1965-*

The birth of NIV



Sadoul et coll. Bull Eur Physiopath Respir 1965

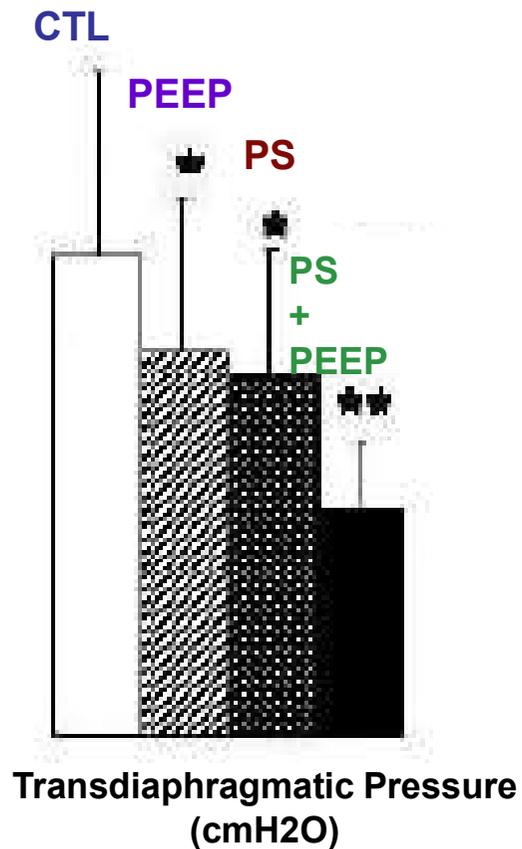
The birth of NIV



Sadoul et coll. Bull Eur Physiopath Respir 1965

Régler le ventilateur

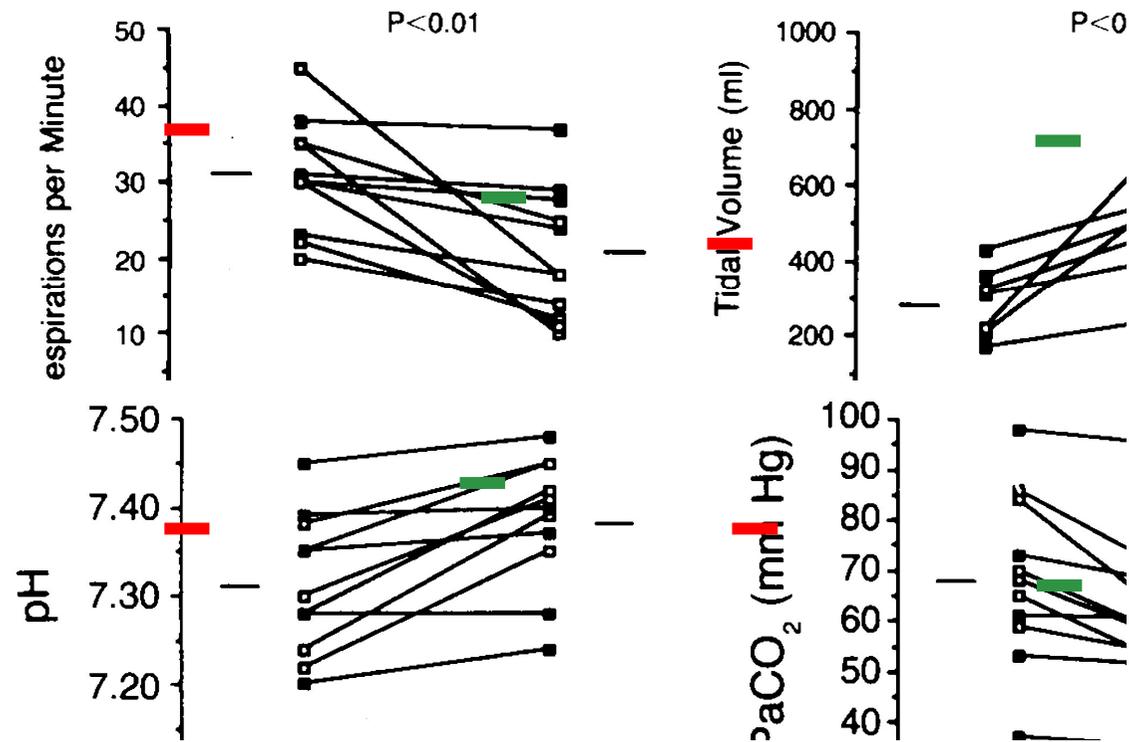
Soyons simples



- Mode : VS avec aide inspiratoire
- Niveau d'aide : viser 6-8 ml/kg IBW
- Niveau de PEP : 4-6 cmH₂O
- FiO₂ : viser SpO₂ 90-92 %

Monitorer l'efficacité de la VNI

Soyons simples



Brochard et coll. New Eng J Med 1990

The period of RCTs

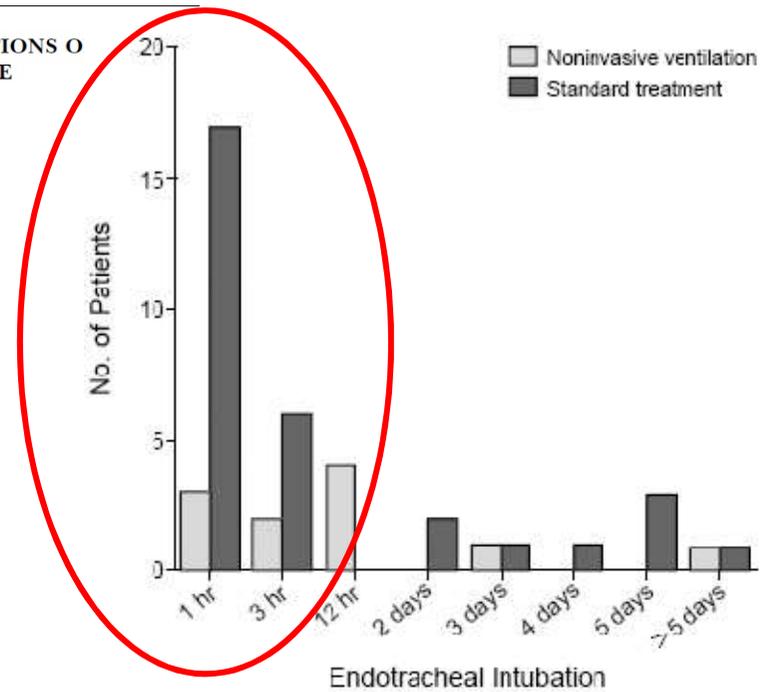
The New England Journal of Medicine

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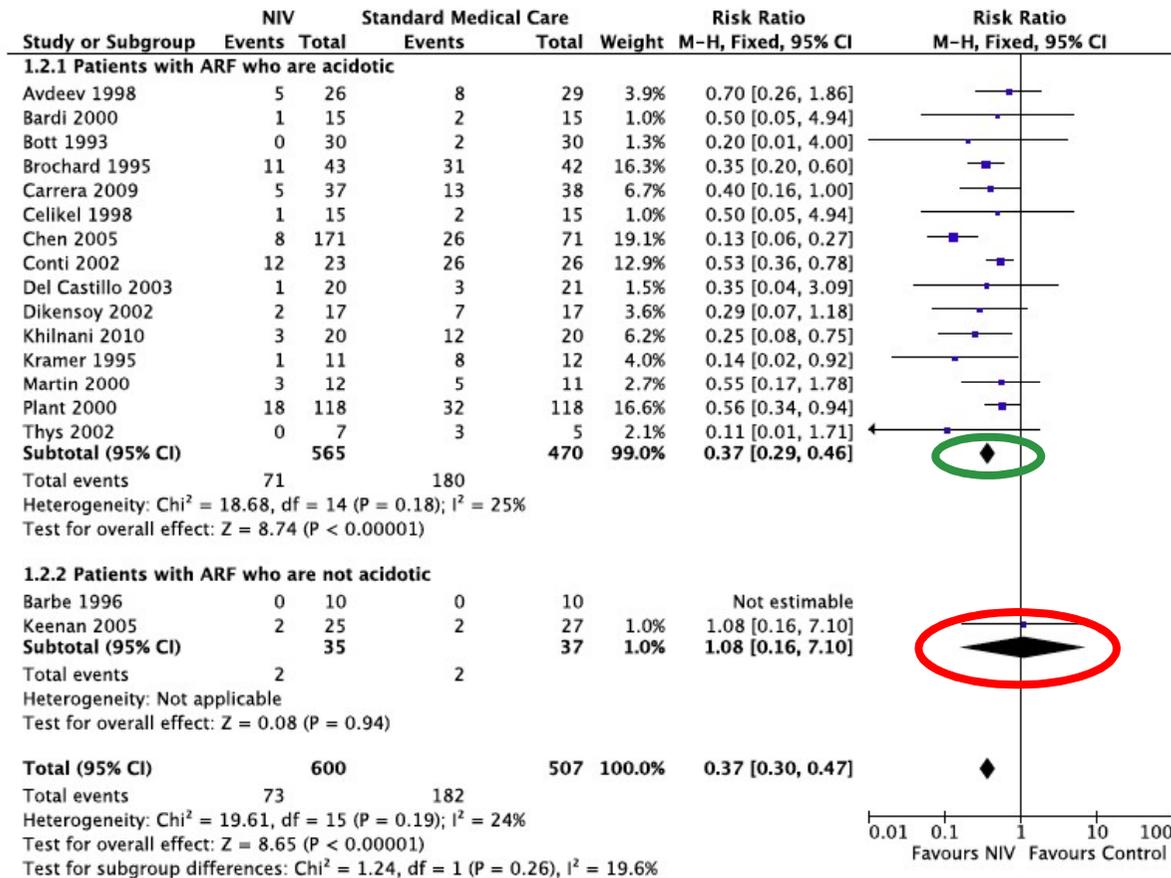
Volume 333

SEPTEMBER 28, 1995

NONINVASIVE VENTILATION FOR ACUTE EXACERBATIONS OF PULMONARY DISEASE

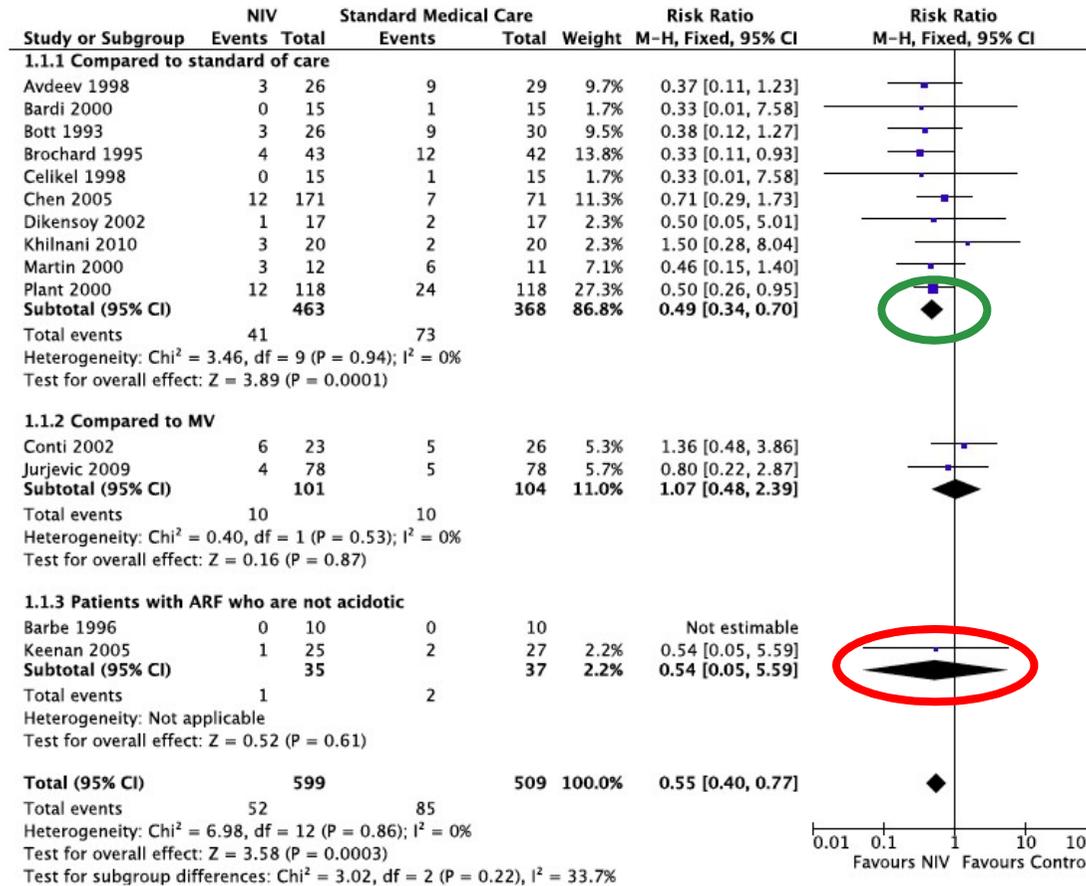


ACRF – COPD – Benefit – Intubation



Rochweg et al. Eur Resp J 2017

ACRF – COPD – Benefit – Survival



VNI – alternative à l'intubation

BPCO – VNI en cas de coma

Variable	Success (n = 76)	Failure (n = 19)	p Value
GCS			
Admission	6.5 ± 1.8	6.1 ± 1.5	0.341
First hour	11.2 ± 2.0	7.9 ± 2.2	< 0.0001
pH			
Admission	7.13 ± 0.06	7.11 ± 0.08	0.631
First hour	7.23 ± 0.05	7.17 ± 0.05	< 0.0001
Paco ₂ , mm Hg			
Admission	98 ± 18	102 ± 25	0.513
First hour	78 ± 16	95 ± 25	< 0.0001
PaO ₂ /FIO ₂ ratio			
Admission	138 ± 40	140 ± 50	0.907
First hour	195 ± 40	166 ± 42	0.008

Diaz et coll. Chest 2005

VNI – alternative à l'intubation

BPCO – VNI en cas de coma

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pH			
Admission	7.13 ± 0.06	7.11 ± 0.08	0.631
First hour	7.25 ± 0.05	7.17 ± 0.05	< 0.0001
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Diaz et coll. Chest 2005

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Diaz et coll. Chest 2005



Official ERS/ATS clinical practice guidelines: noninvasive ventilation for acute respiratory failure

Bram Rochweg¹, Laurent Brochard^{2,3}, Mark W. Elliott⁴, Dean Hess⁵, Nicholas S. Hill⁶, Stefano Nava⁷ and Paolo Navalesi⁸ (members of the steering committee); Massimo Antonelli⁹, Jan Brozek¹, Giorgio Conti⁹, Miquel Ferrer¹⁰, Kalpalatha Guntupalli¹¹, Samir Jaber¹², Sean Keenan^{13,14}, Jordi Mancebo¹⁵, Sangeeta Mehta¹⁶ and Suhail Raof^{17,18} (members of the task force)

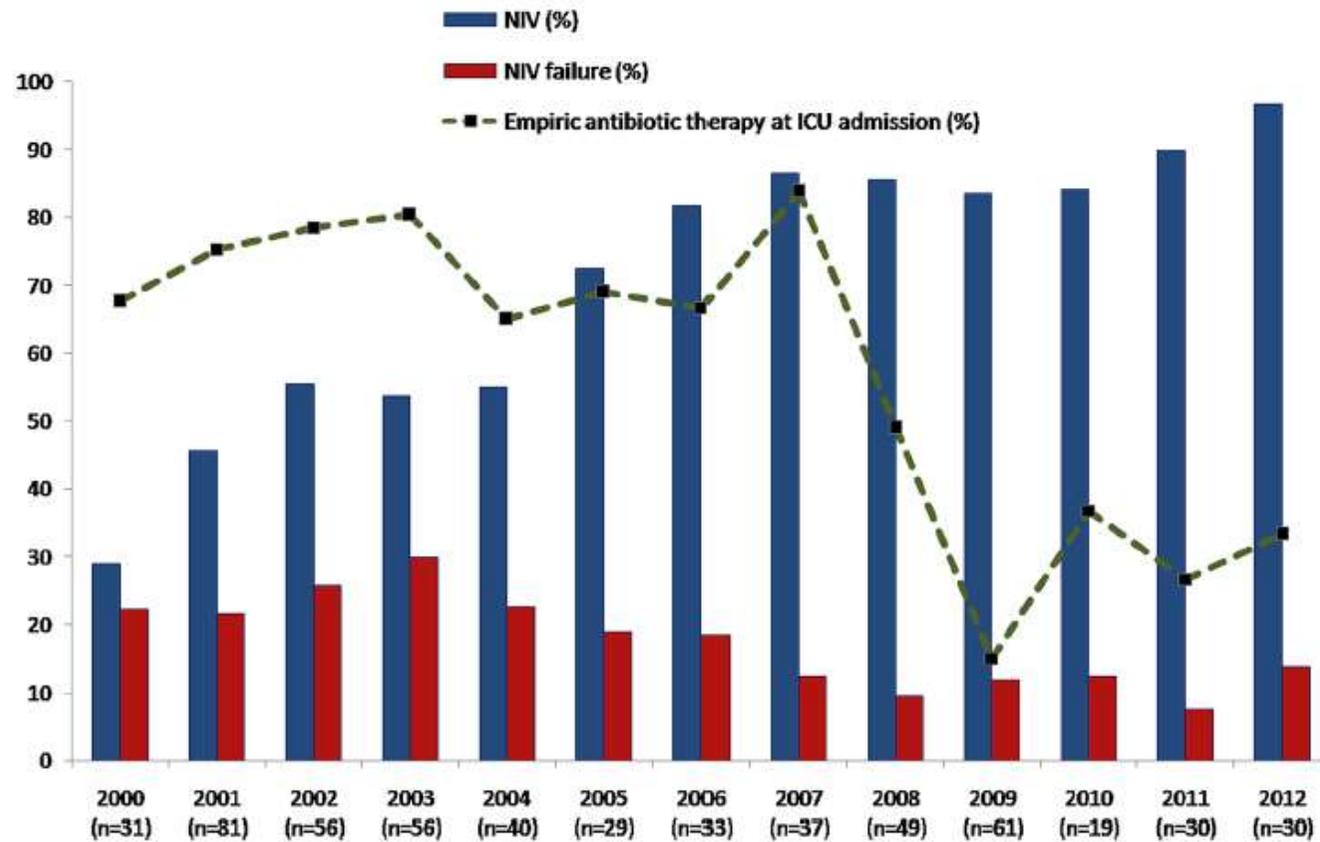
Recommendations

We recommend bilevel NIV for patients with ARF leading to acute or acute-on-chronic respiratory acidosis ($\text{pH} \leq 7.35$) due to COPD exacerbation. (Strong recommendation, high certainty of evidence.)

We recommend a trial of bilevel NIV in patients considered to require endotracheal intubation and mechanical ventilation, unless the patient is immediately deteriorating. (Strong recommendation, moderate certainty of evidence.)

→ **Concept of NIV trial**

Effet volume – Impact sur les PAVM



Ouanes et al. Ann Intensive Care 2015



Dyspnoea in patients receiving noninvasive ventilation for acute respiratory failure: prevalence, risk factors and prognostic impact

A prospective observational study

Laurence Dangers^{1,2}, Claire Montlahuc^{3,4}, Achille Kouatchet⁵, Samir Jaber^{6,7}, Ferhat Meziani⁸, Sébastien Perbet^{9,10}, Thomas Similowski^{1,2}, Matthieu Resche-Rigon^{3,4}, Elie Azoulay¹¹ and Alexandre Demoule^{1,2} for the REVA Network (Research Network in Mechanical Ventilation) and the Groupe de Recherche en Réanimation Respiratoire en Onco-Hématologie (GrrrOH)



Dangers et al. Eur Resp J 2018

Dyspnée après la première séance de VNI

Rating	Intensity of perception
0	No sensation
0,5	Very, very slight
1	Very slight
2	Slight
3	Moderate
4	Somewhat severe
5	Severe
6	
7	Very severe
8	
9	Very, very severe
10	Maximal

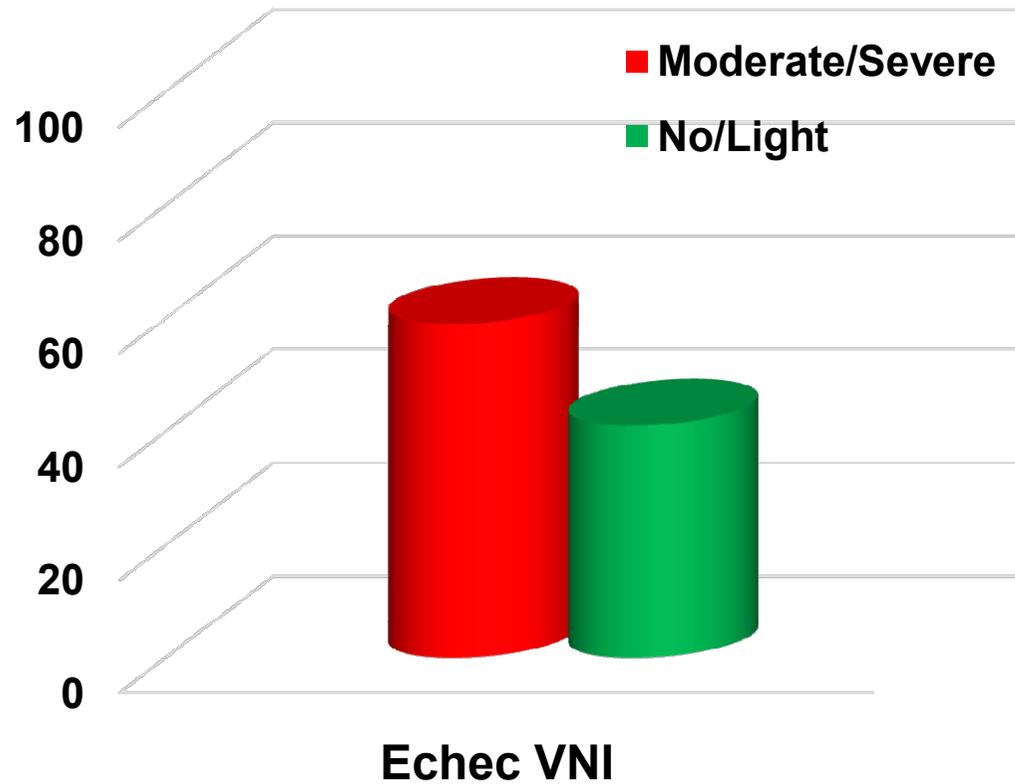
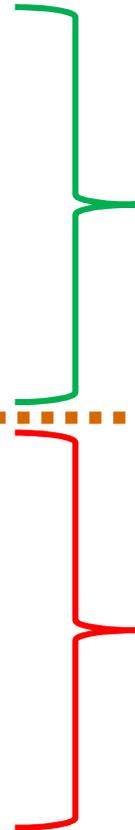
Light or
no dyspnea

Moderate to
severe dyspnea

- A l'admission = 4 [3 – 5]
- Après la première session de VNI = 3 [2 – 4]

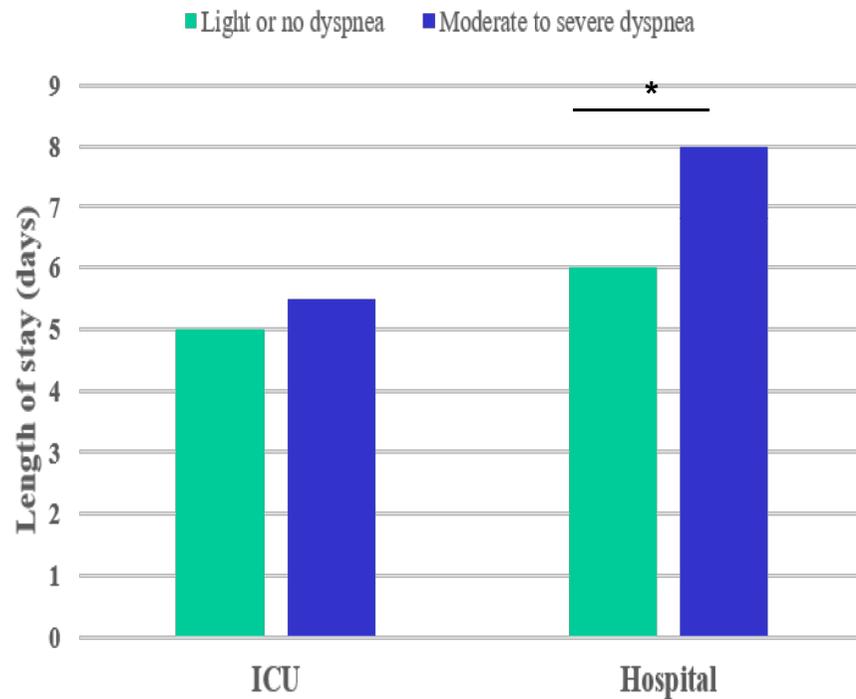
Dyspnée après la première séance de VNI

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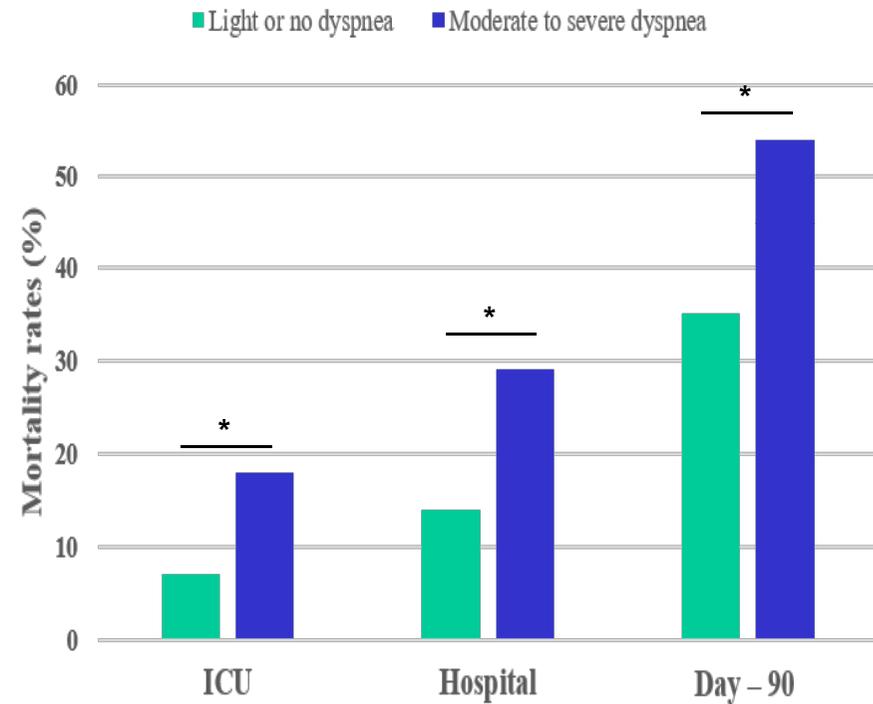


VNI et dyspnée

Length of stay



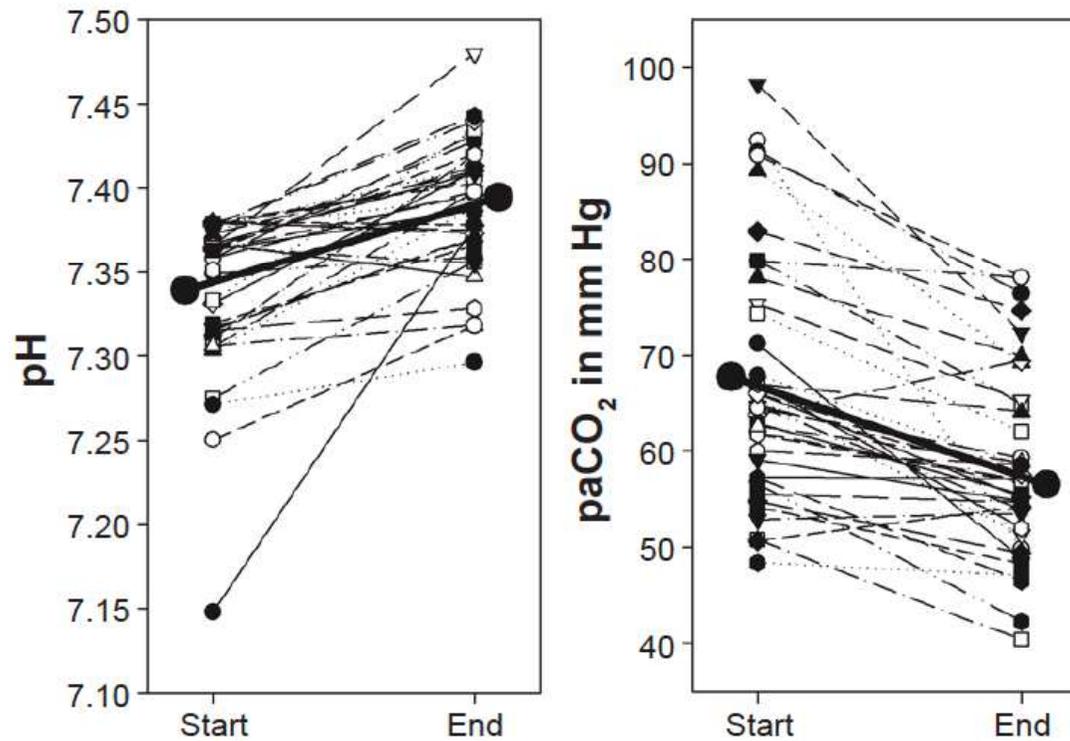
Mortality



Dangers et al. Eur Resp J 2018

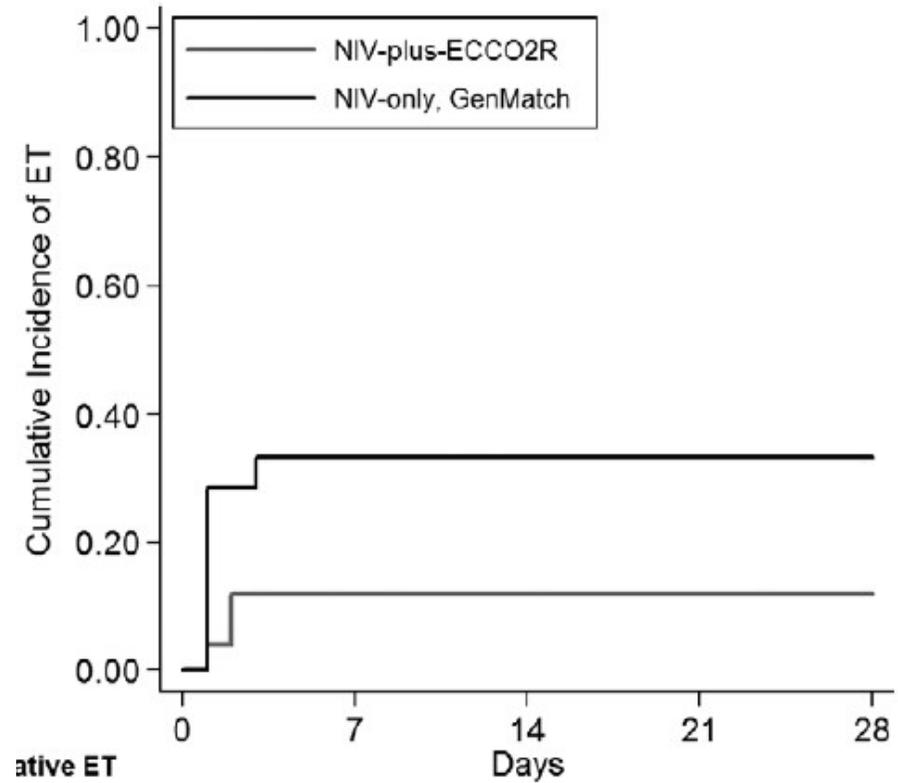
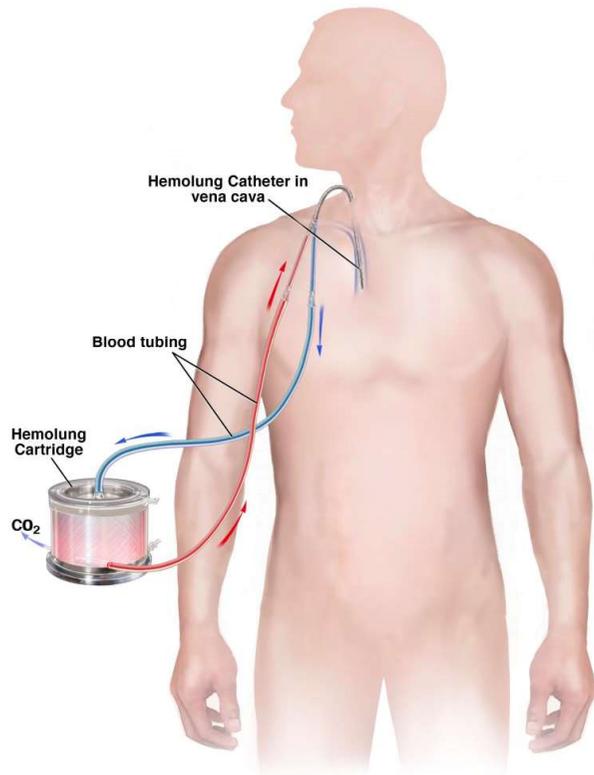
Oxygène humidifié à haut débit

IRA des BPCO – Acidose respiratoire – 38 patients



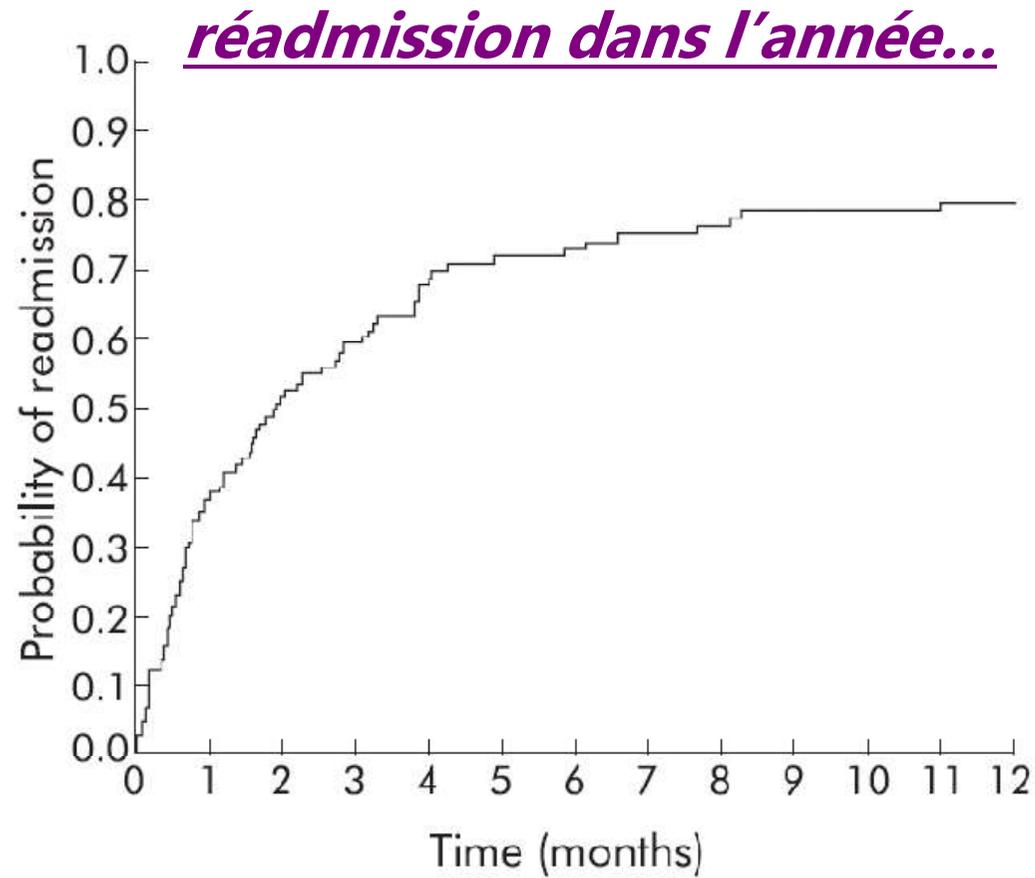
Bräunlich et al. Int J COPD 2018

BPCO – Echech VNI – ECO2R ?



Del Sorbo et coll. Crit Care Med 2014

VNI et BPCO - réadmission



Chu et coll. Thorax 2007

JAMA | Original Investigation

Effect of Home Noninvasive Ventilation With Oxygen Therapy vs Oxygen Therapy Alone on Hospital Readmission or Death After an Acute COPD Exacerbation A Randomized Clinical Trial

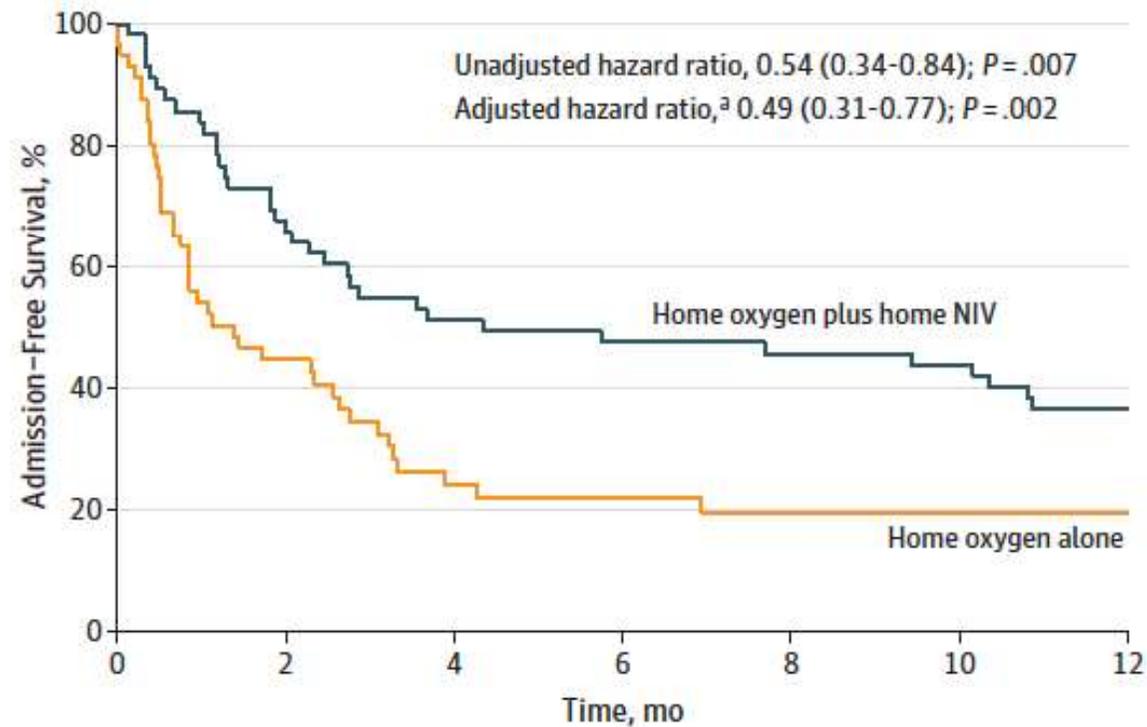
Patrick B. Murphy, PhD; Sunita Rehal, MSc; Gill Arbane, BSc (Hons); Stephen Bourke, PhD; Peter M. A. Calverley, PhD; Angela M. Crook, PhD; Lee Dowson, MD; Nicholas Duffy, MD; G. John Gibson, MD; Philip D. Hughes, MD; John R. Hurst, PhD; Keir E. Lewis, MD; Rahul Mukherjee, MD; Annabel Nickol, PhD; Nicholas Oscroft, MD; Maxime Patout, MD; Justin Pepperell, MD; Ian Smith, MD; John R. Stradling, PhD; Jadwiga A. Wedzicha, PhD; Michael I. Polkey, PhD; Mark W. Elliott, MD; Nicholas Hart, PhD

- **2-4 weeks after the episode**
- **NIV if**
 - hypercapnia > 63 mmHg
 - Hypoxemia < 55-60 mmHg
 - pH > 7.30

Murphy et al. JAMA 2017

Home ventilation after ACRF

Admission-Free Survival



Murphy et al. JAMA 2017

Conclusions

VNI et BPCO

- **Haut niveau de preuve**
 - Physiologie solide
 - Bénéfice indiscutable
- **Restent des challenges**
 - Prédiction de l'échec
 - Gestion des échecs
 - Prévention des récives

Thanks for your attention



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réanimation 2020

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