



Journées Francophones de Réanimation

Thermodilution transpulmonaire

Mathieu Jozwiak, service MIR Nice

22 juin 2024



UNIVERSITÉ
CÔTE D'AZUR

FACULTÉ
DE MÉDEC

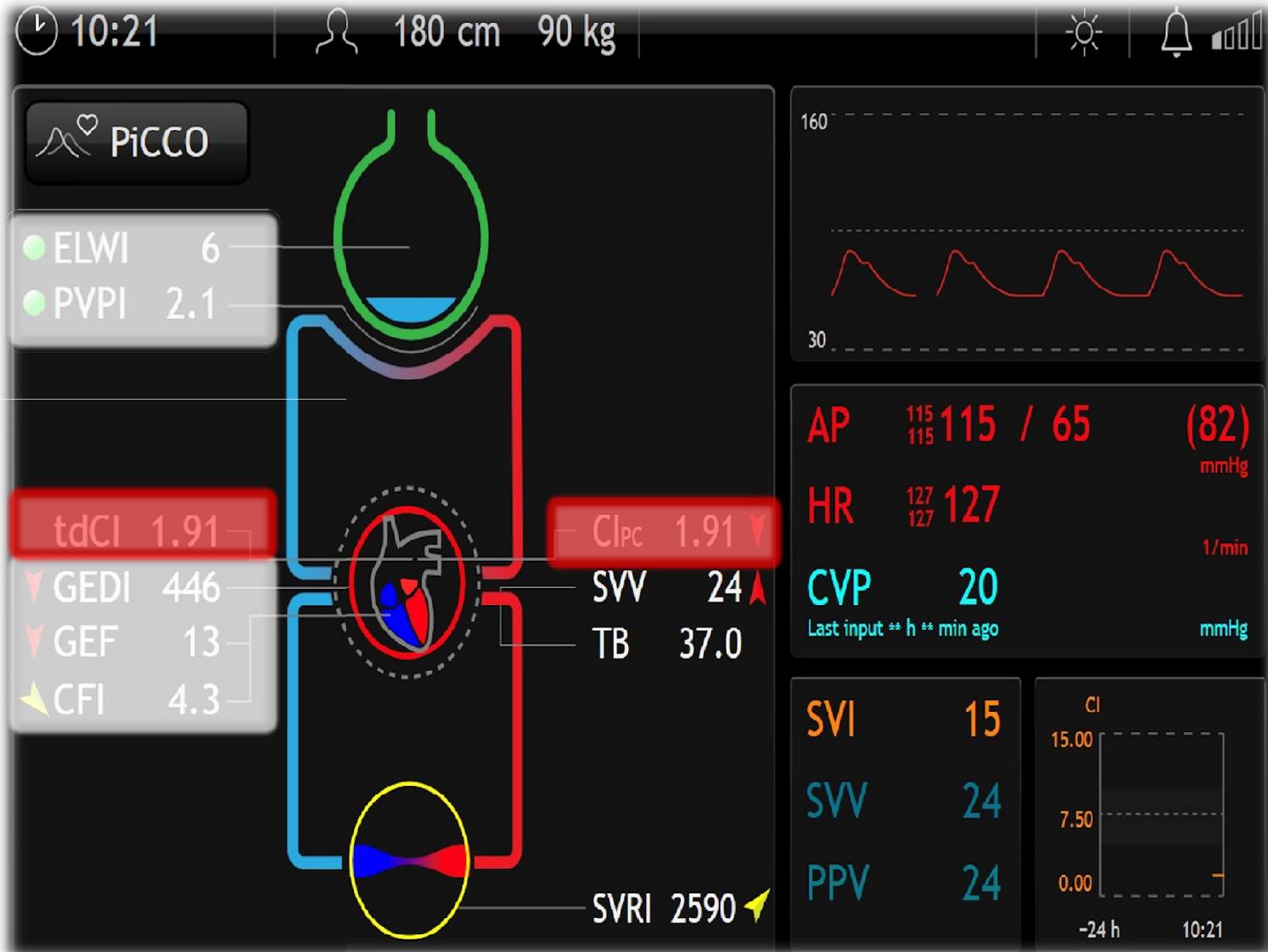
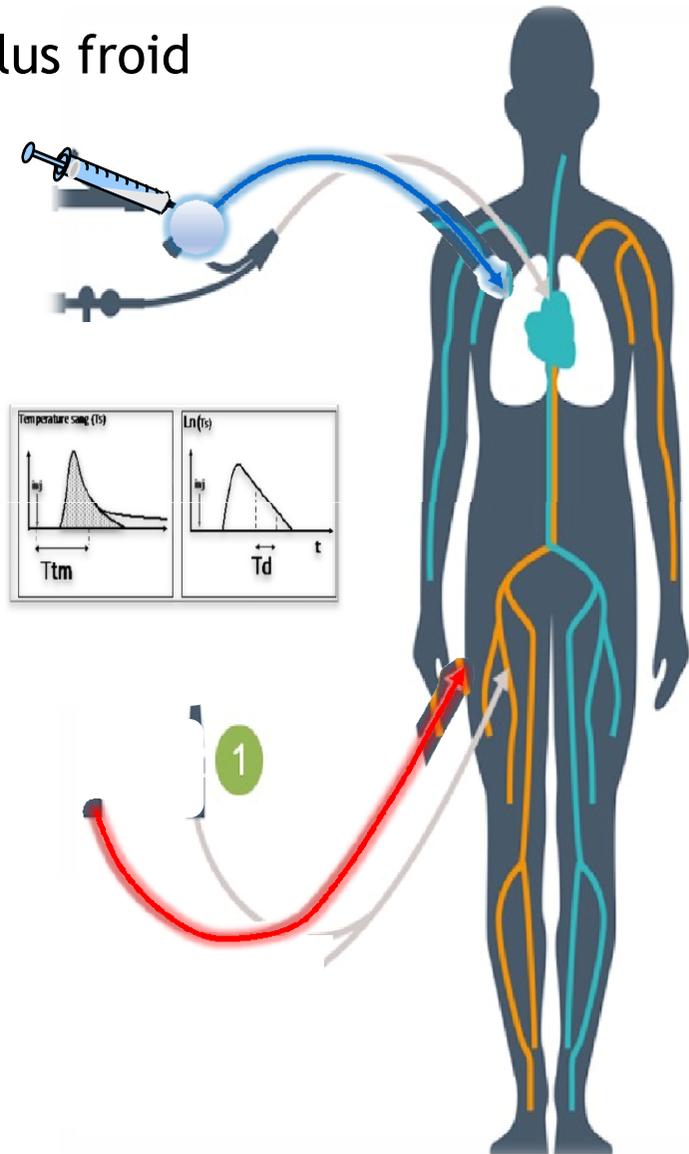
Liens d'intérêts

Lectures pour le laboratoire VIATRIS

PHRC-GIRCI 2022

Thermodilution transpulmonaire

Fluide froid



Thermodilution transpulmonaire



Hemisphere®
(Edwards)



PiCCO₂®
(Getinge)



- Utilisables avec un CVC en fémoral
- Utilisables chez les patients en hypothermie thérapeutique
- Utilisables chez les patients sous EER
- Non utilisables chez les patients sous ECMO
- Non utilisables chez les patients avec un Piccline

Thermodilution transpulmonaire

	Invasivité	Fiabilité	Facilité utilisation	Débit card. temps réel	Autres variables
	●	●	●	●	●
	●	●	●	●	●
	●	●	●	●	●
	●	●	●	●	●
	●	●	●	●	●
	●	●	●	●	●

Thermodilution transpulmonaire

Prospective, multicentrique
patients, en rythme sinusal
Comparaison TDTP vs. Echo

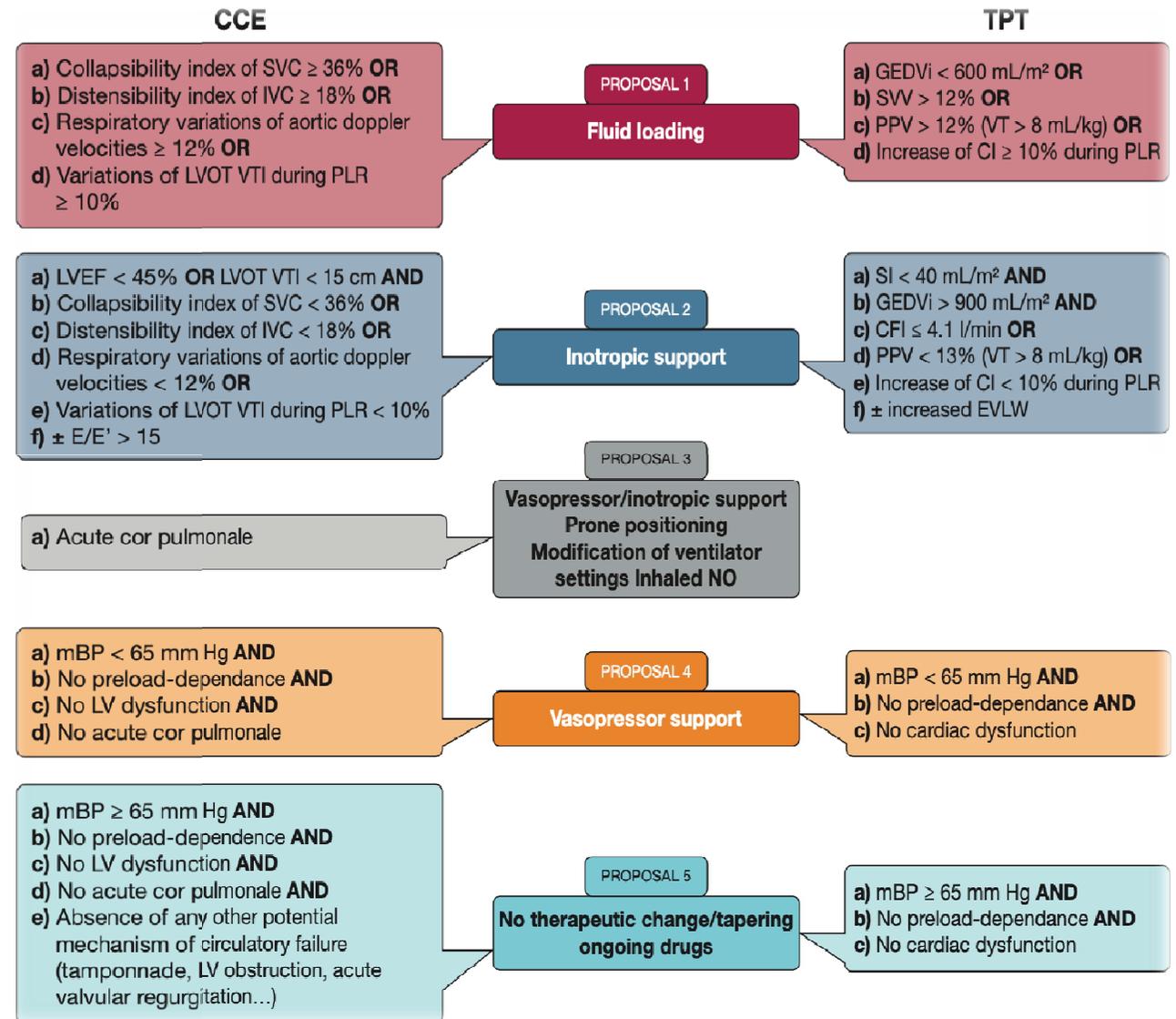
66% de concordance

Emphyse pulmonaire aigu

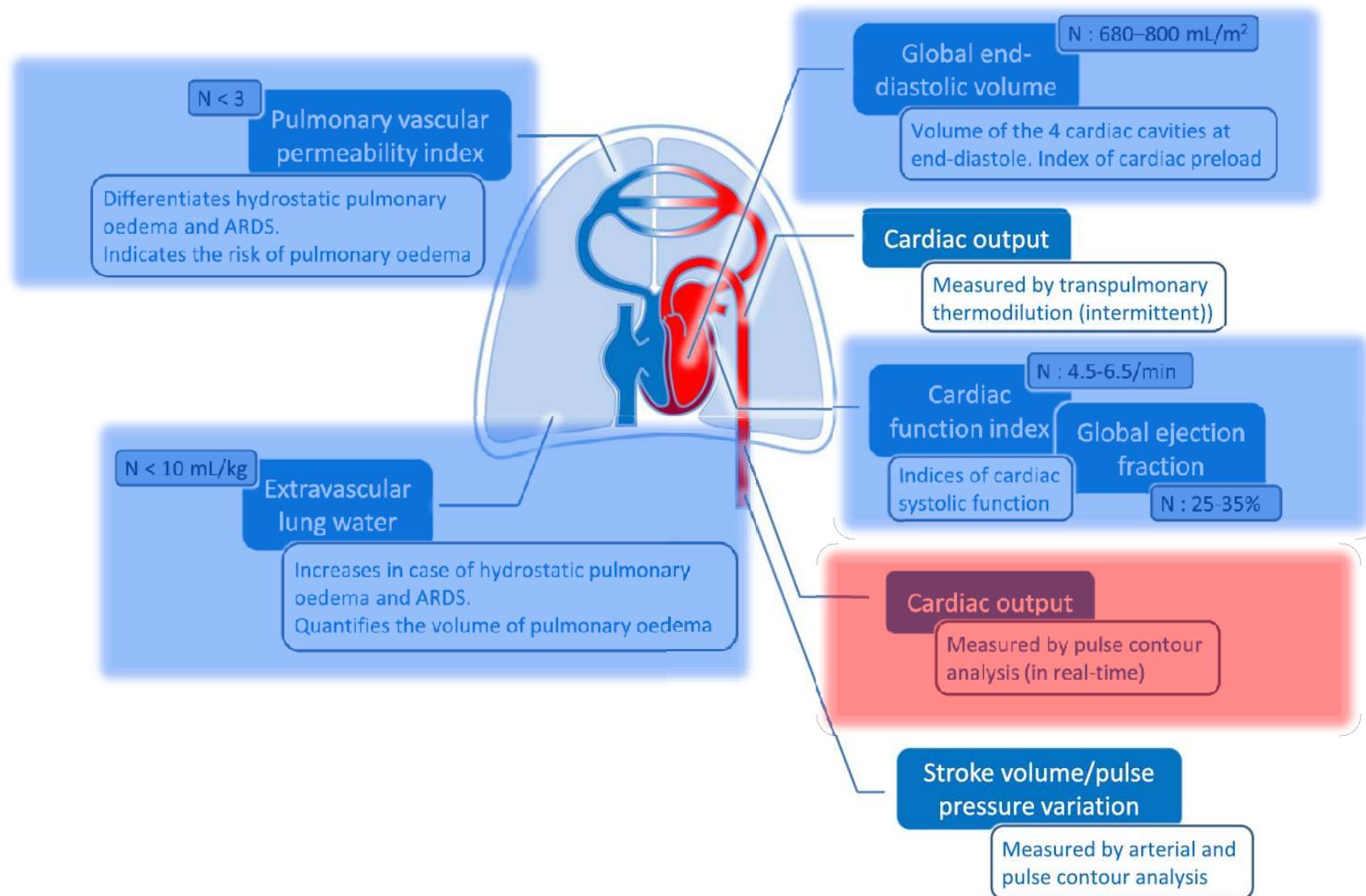
Insuffisance ventriculaire gauche sévère

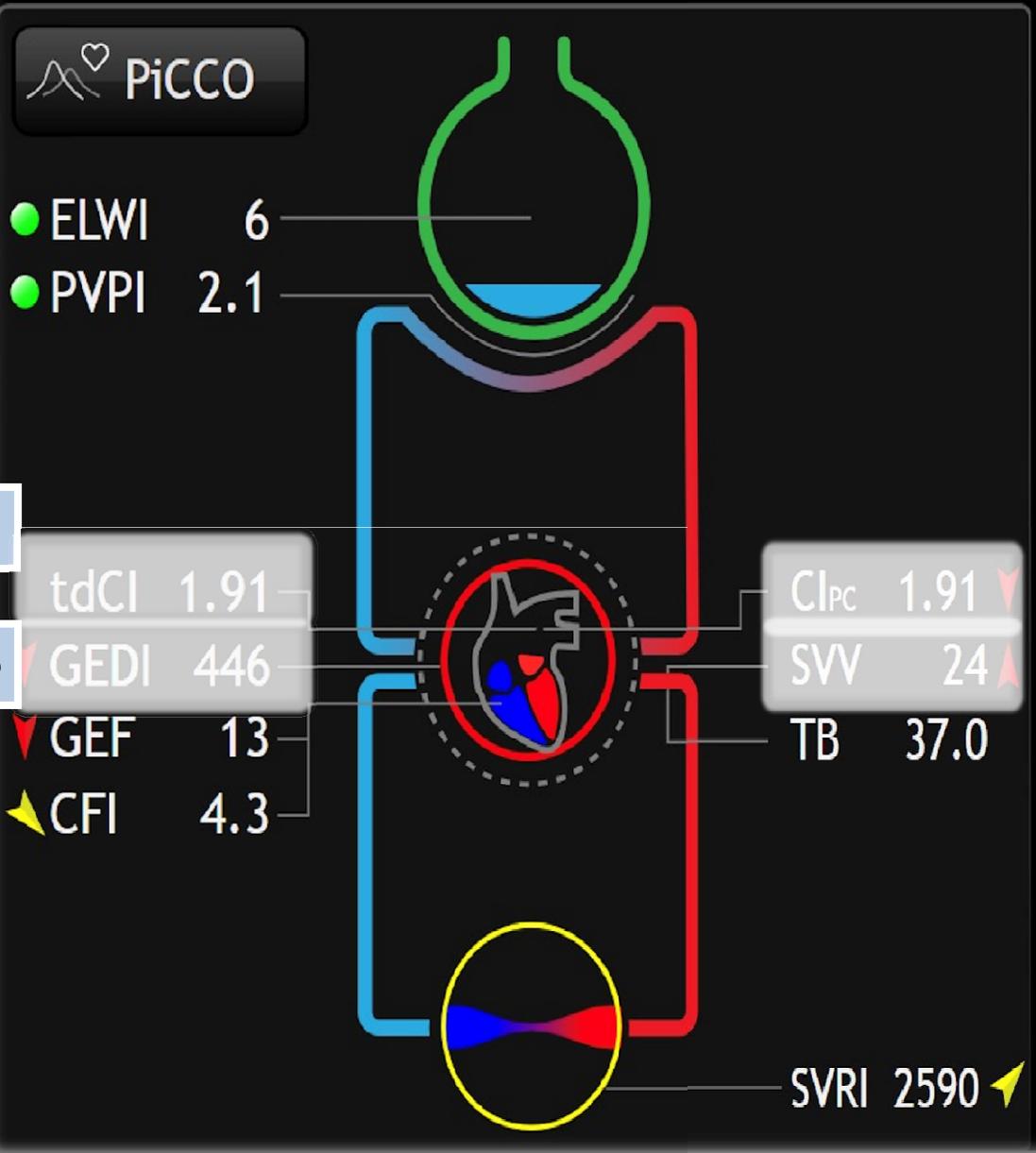
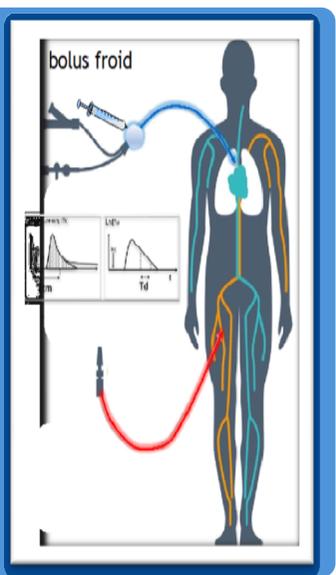
Obstruction intra-VG

Pression artérielle cardiaque très basse



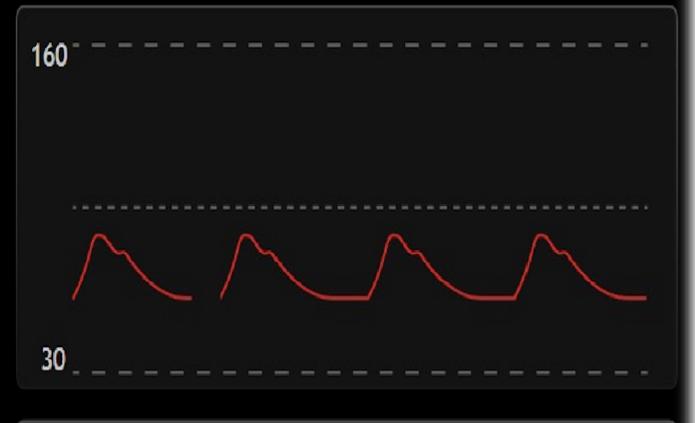
Indices thermodilution transpulmonaire





Débit cardiaque

Précharge



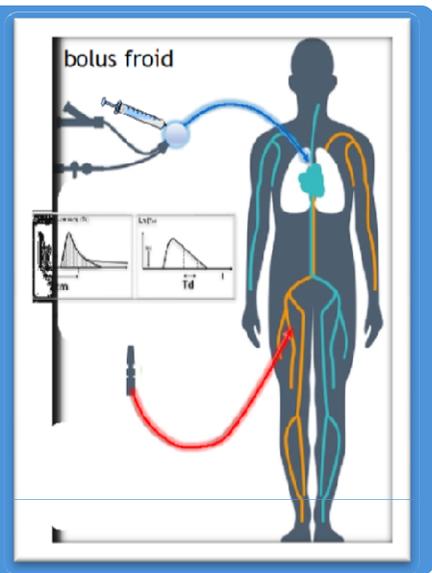
AP 115 / 65 (82) mmHg

HR 127 127 1/min

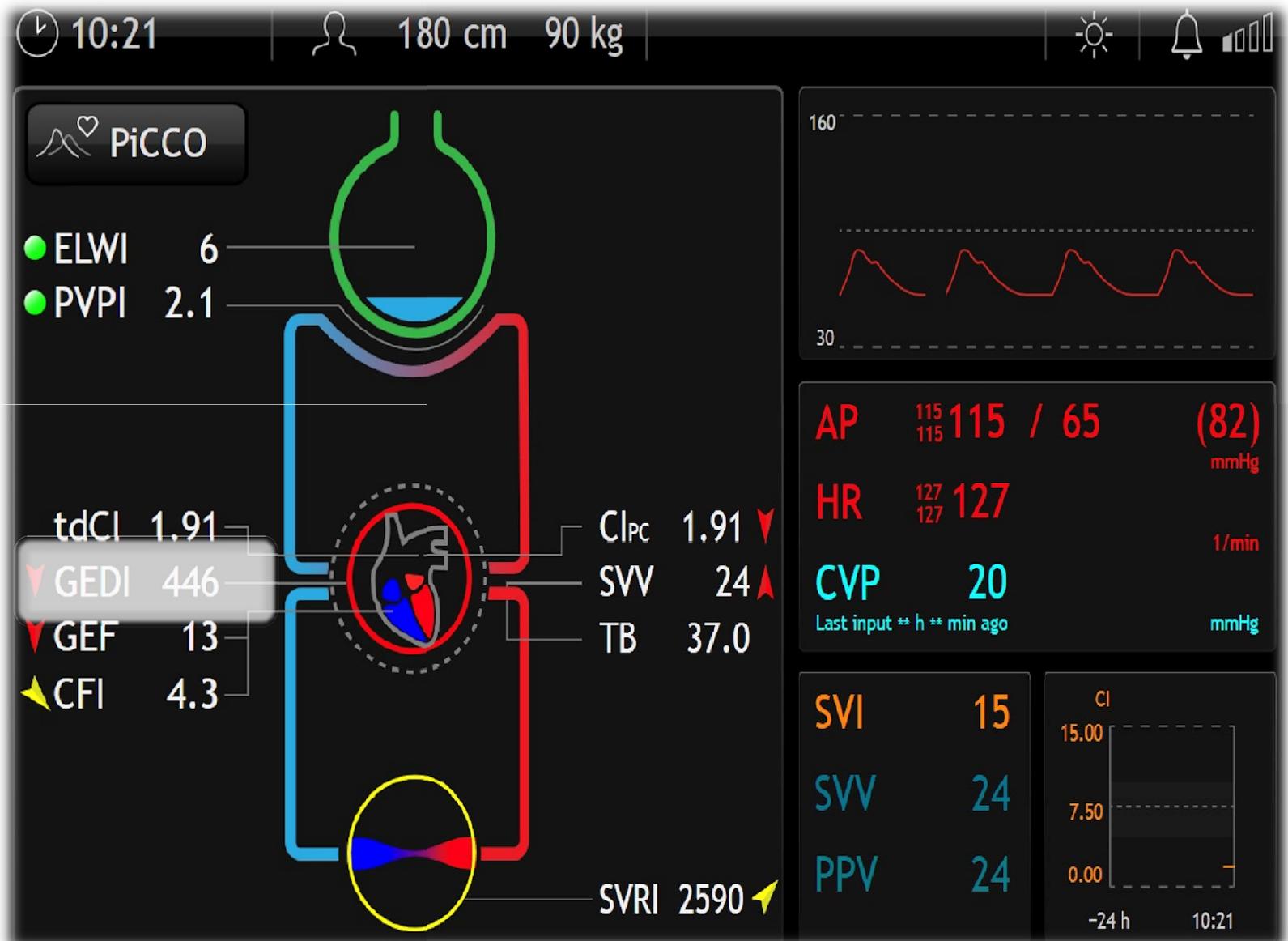
CVP 20 mmHg
Last input ** h ** min ago



VTDGI - *Mesure*

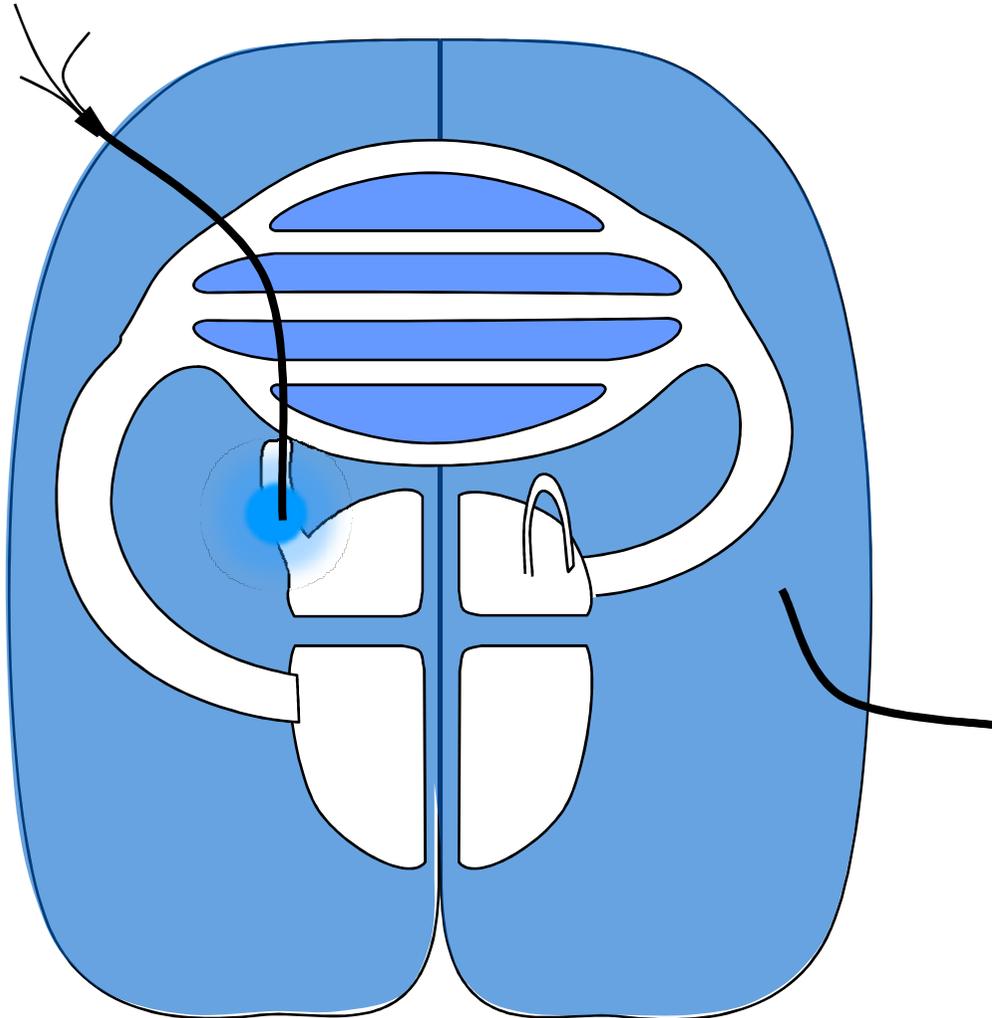


VTDGI
680-800 mL/m²

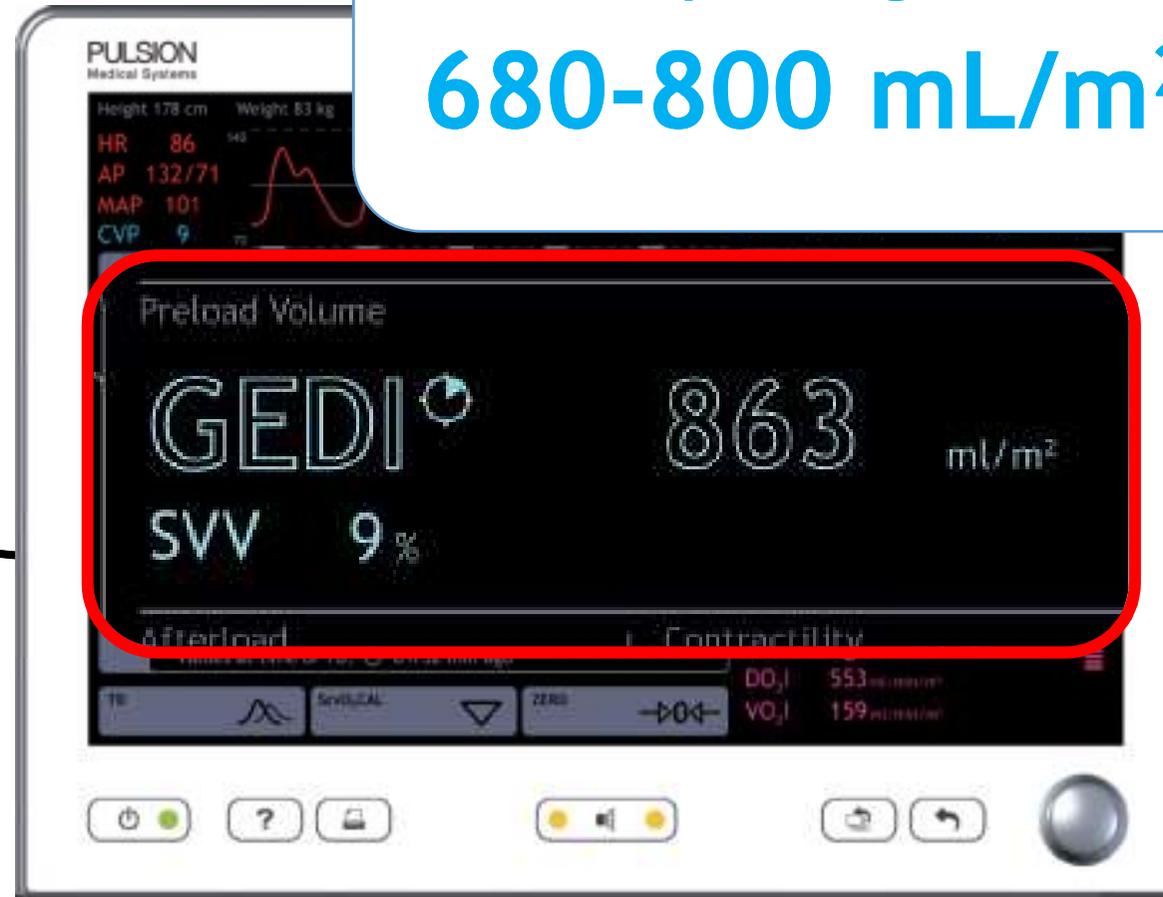


VTDGI - *Mesure*

bolus froid

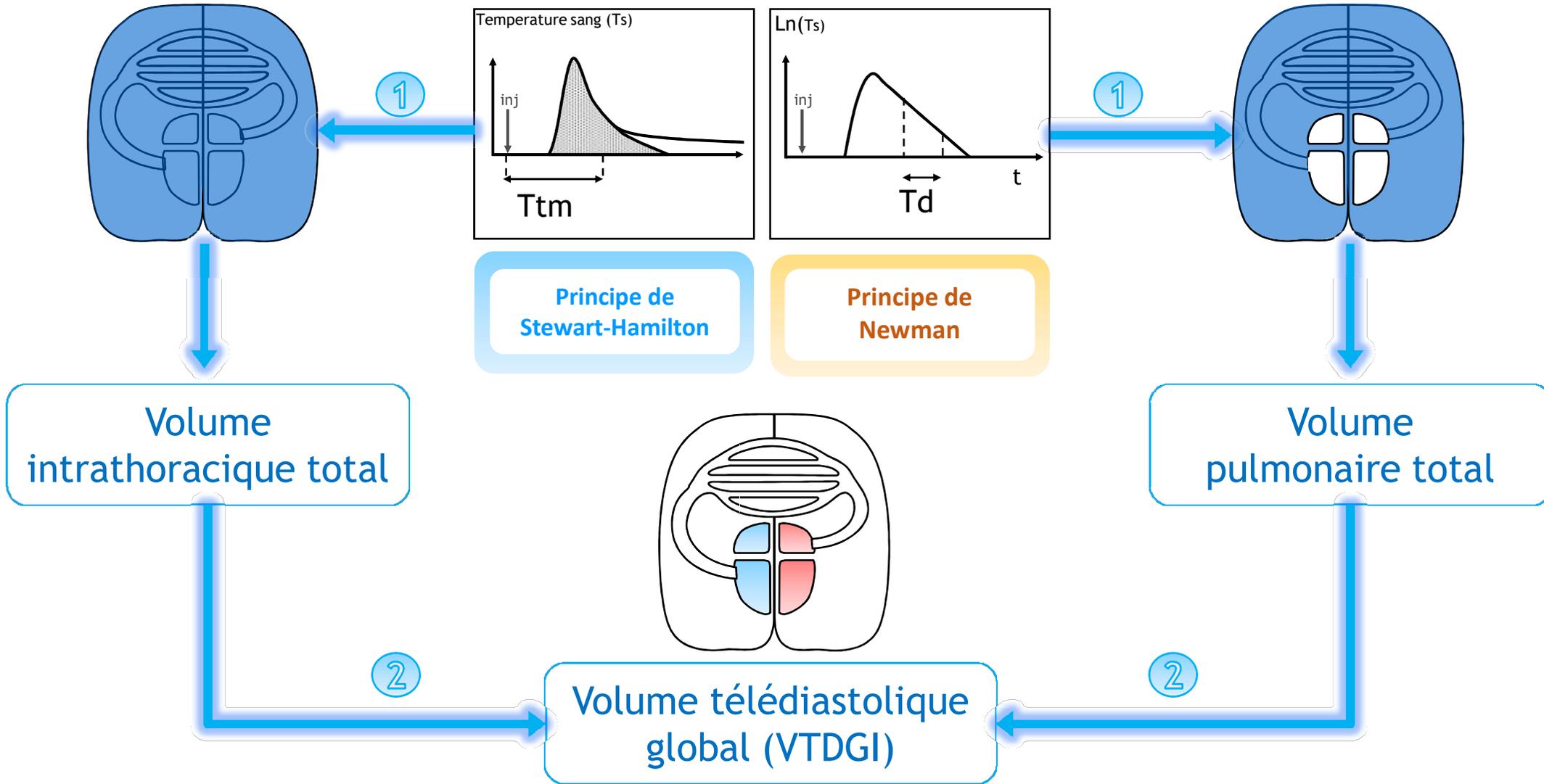


VTDGI
680-800 mL/m²



VTDGI - *Mesure*

 bolus froid



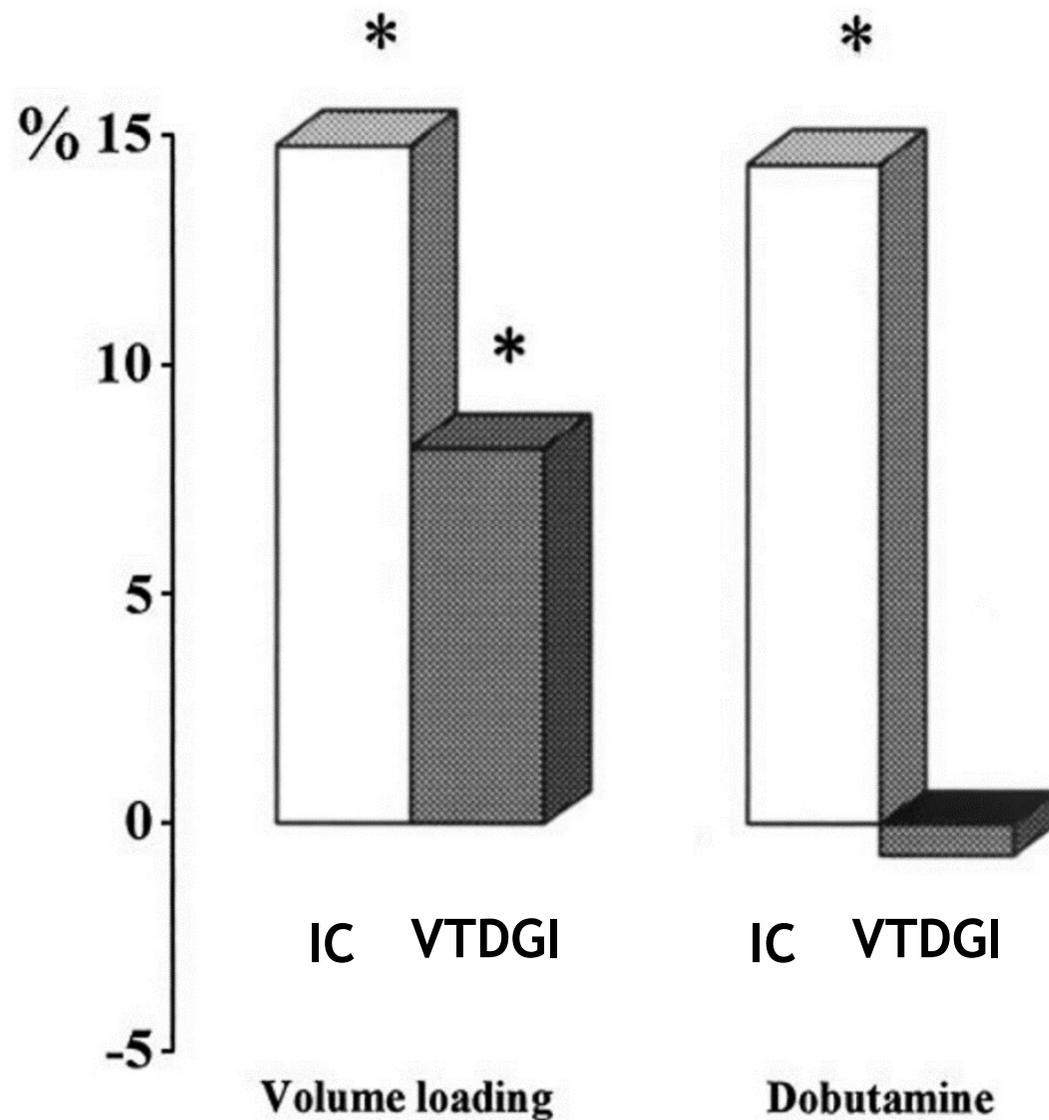
VTDGI - Avec un KTC en fémoral

Patients avec PiCCO
fémoral + jugulaire int

	Biais	LOA	% d'erreur
Index cardiaque (L/min/m ²)	+ 0,29	-0,40 ; + 0,97	16%
VTDGI (mL/m ²)	+ 241	-9 ; + 491	-

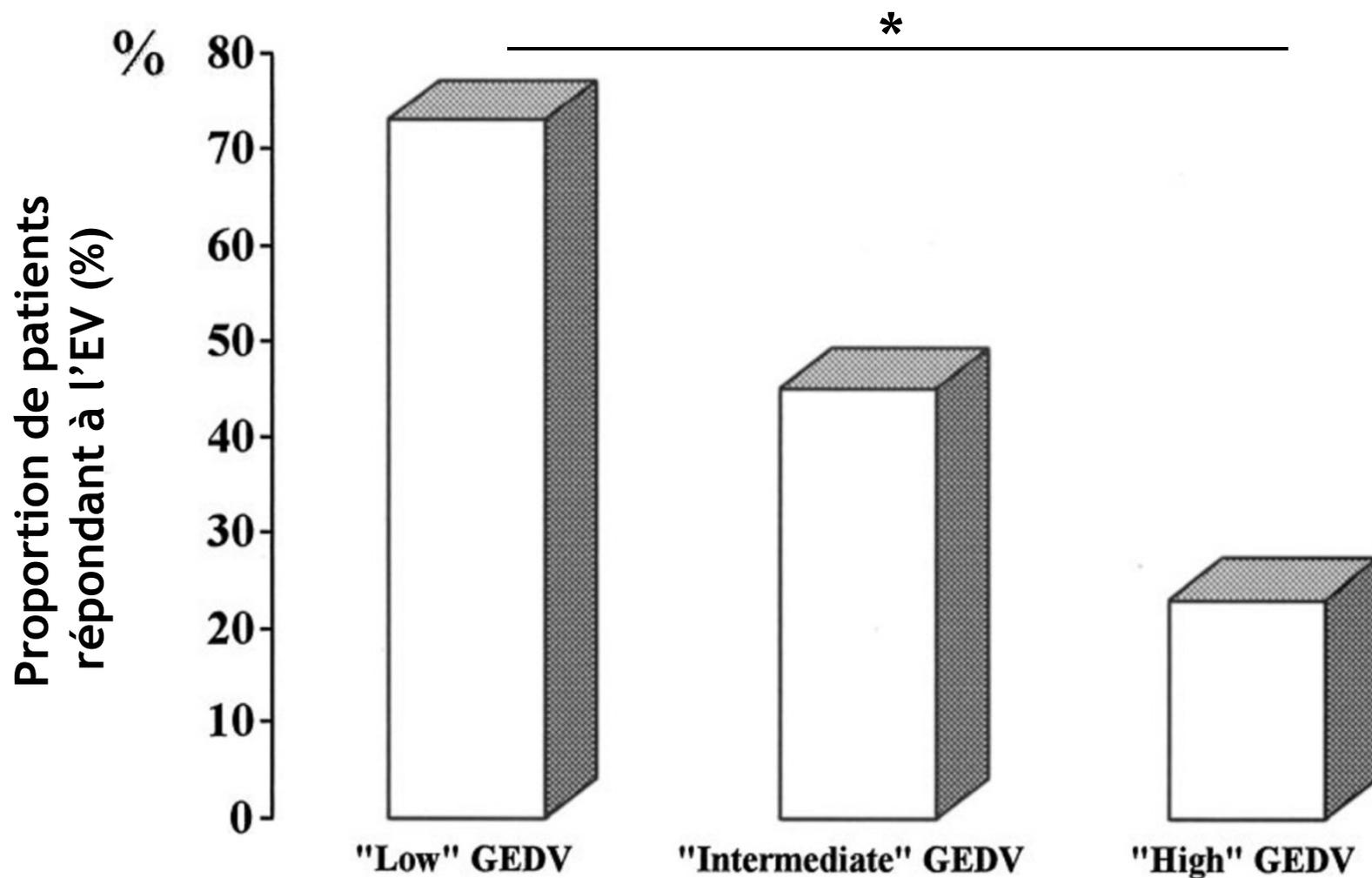
Correction automatiquement appliquée par le PiCCO

VTDGI - *Indice de précharge statique*



36 patients avec un Pi
EV ou Dobutamine

VTDGI - *Indice de précharge statique*



36 patients avec un Pi
EV ou Dobutamine

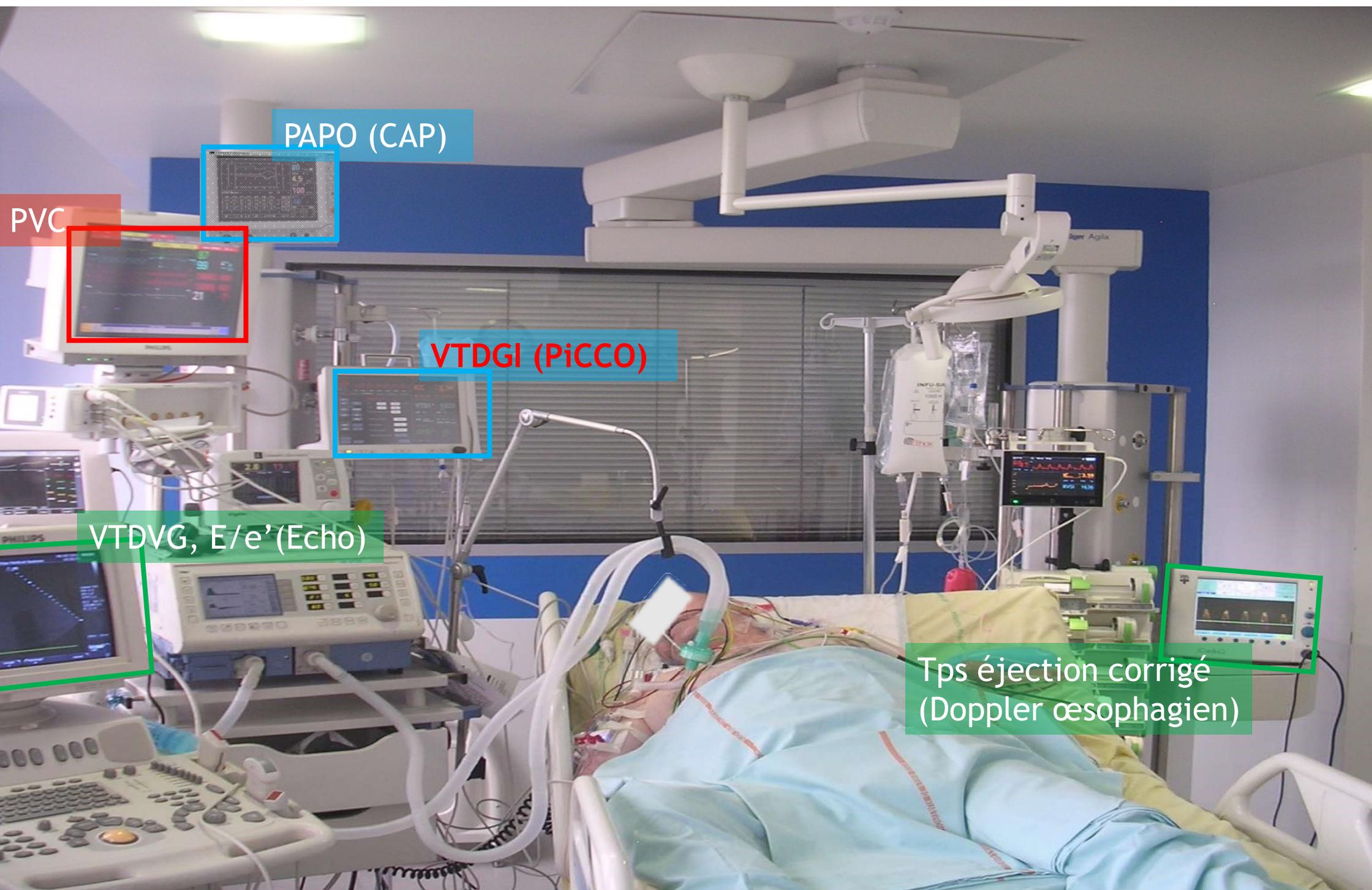
PVC

PAP0 (CAP)

VTDGI (PiCCO)

VTDVG, E/e' (Echo)

Tps éjection corrigé
(Doppler œsophagien)



Les indices de précharge statiques

Méta-analyse
29 études, 685 patients

Les indices de précharge statiques
ne sont pas de bons facteurs prédictifs
de la réponse à l'expansion volémique

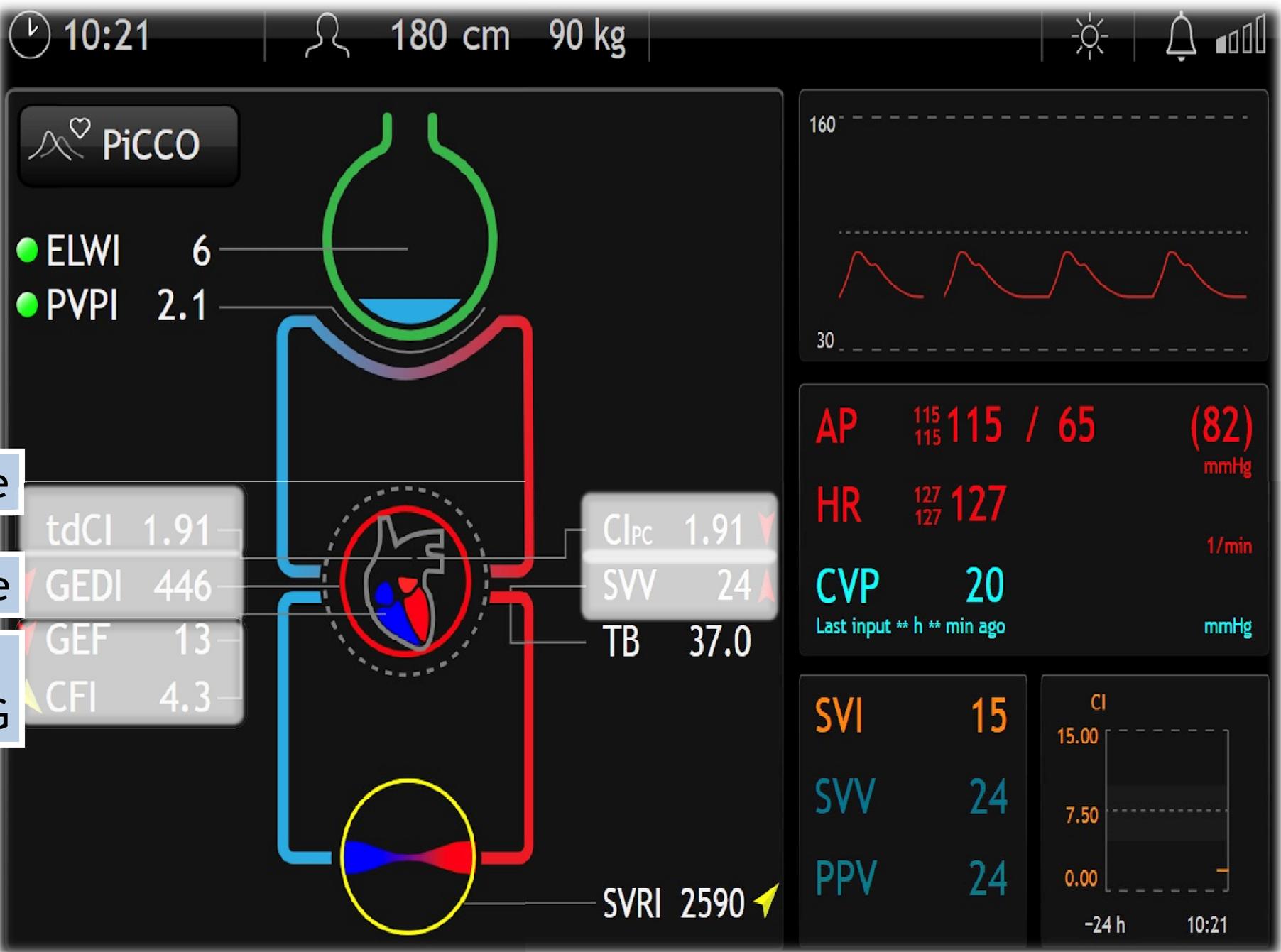
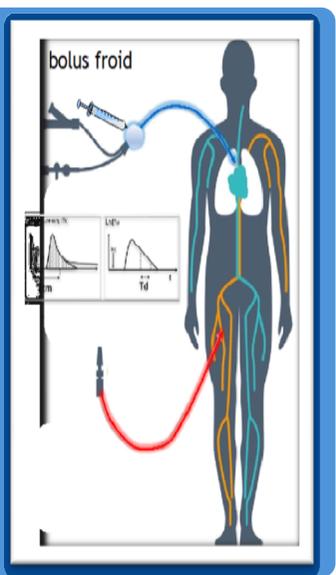
Method	Technology	AUC*
Pulse pressure variation (PPV)	Arterial waveform	0.94 (0.93-0.95)
Systolic pressure variation (SPV)	Arterial waveform	0.86 (0.82-0.90)
Stroke volume variation (SVV)	Pulse contour analysis	0.84 (0.78-0.88)
Left ventricular end-diastolic area (LVEDA)	Echocardiography	0.64 (0.53-0.74)
Global end-diastolic volume (GEDV)	Transpulmonary thermodilution	0.56 (0.37-0.67)
Central venous pressure (CVP)	Central venous catheter	0.55 (0.48-0.62)

Les indices de précharge statiques

Méta-analyse
29 études, 685 patients

Les indices de précharge dynamiques
sont de bons facteurs prédictifs
de la réponse à l'expansion volémique

Method	Technology	AUC*
Pulse pressure variation (PPV)	Arterial waveform	0.94 (0.93-0.95)
Systolic pressure variation (SPV)	Arterial waveform	0.86 (0.82-0.90)
Stroke volume variation (SVV)	Pulse contour analysis	0.84 (0.78-0.88)
Left ventricular end-diastolic area (LVEDA)	Echocardiography	0.64 (0.53-0.74)
Global end-diastolic volume (GEDV)	Transpulmonary thermodilution	0.56 (0.37-0.67)
Central venous pressure (CVP)	Central venous catheter	0.55 (0.48-0.62)

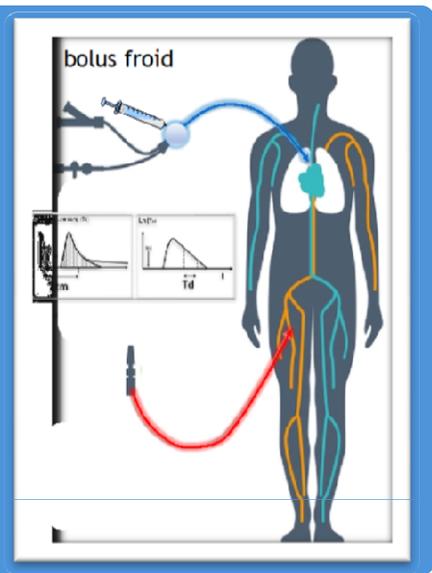


Débit cardiaque

Précharge

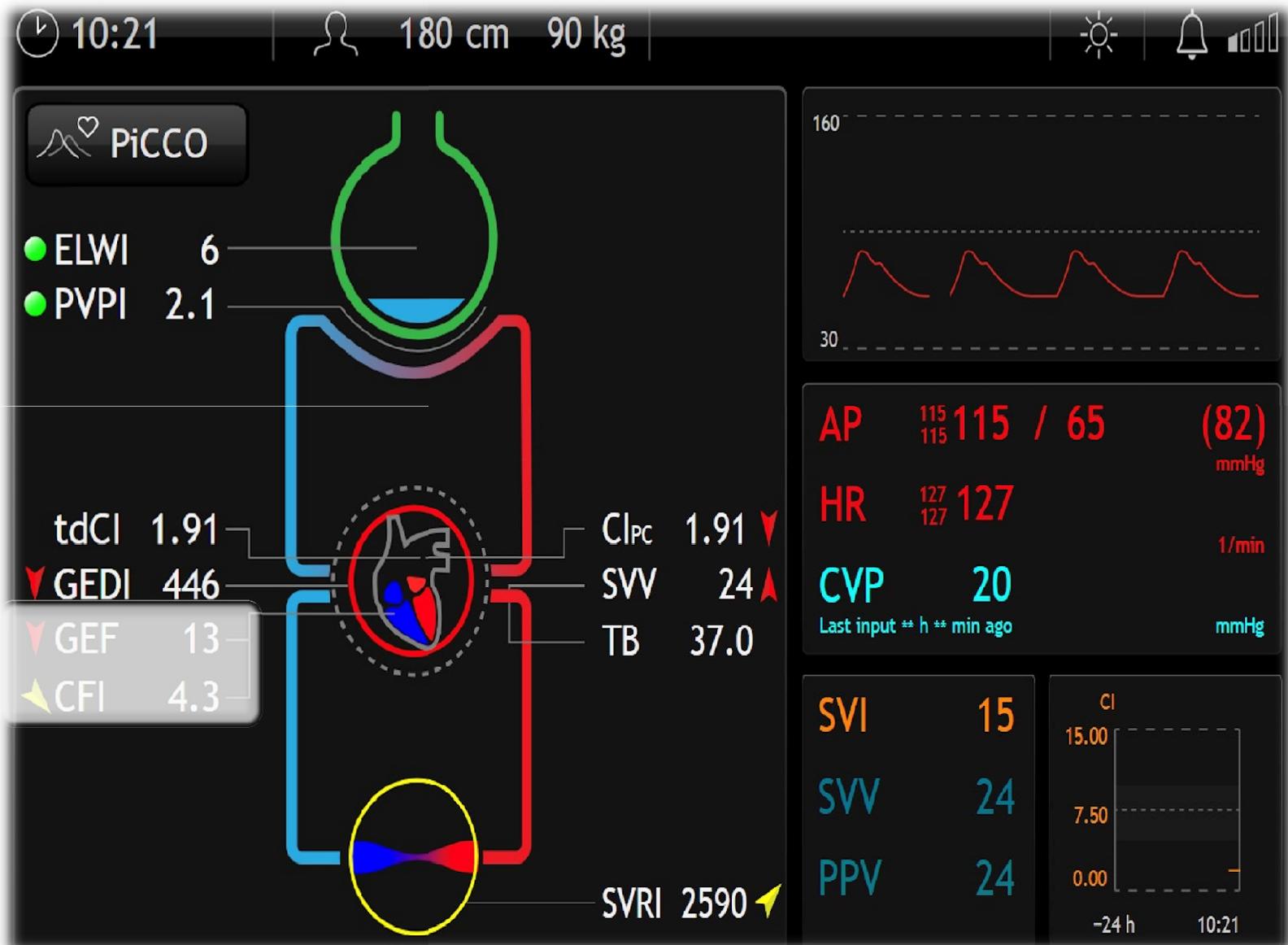
Fonction systolique VG

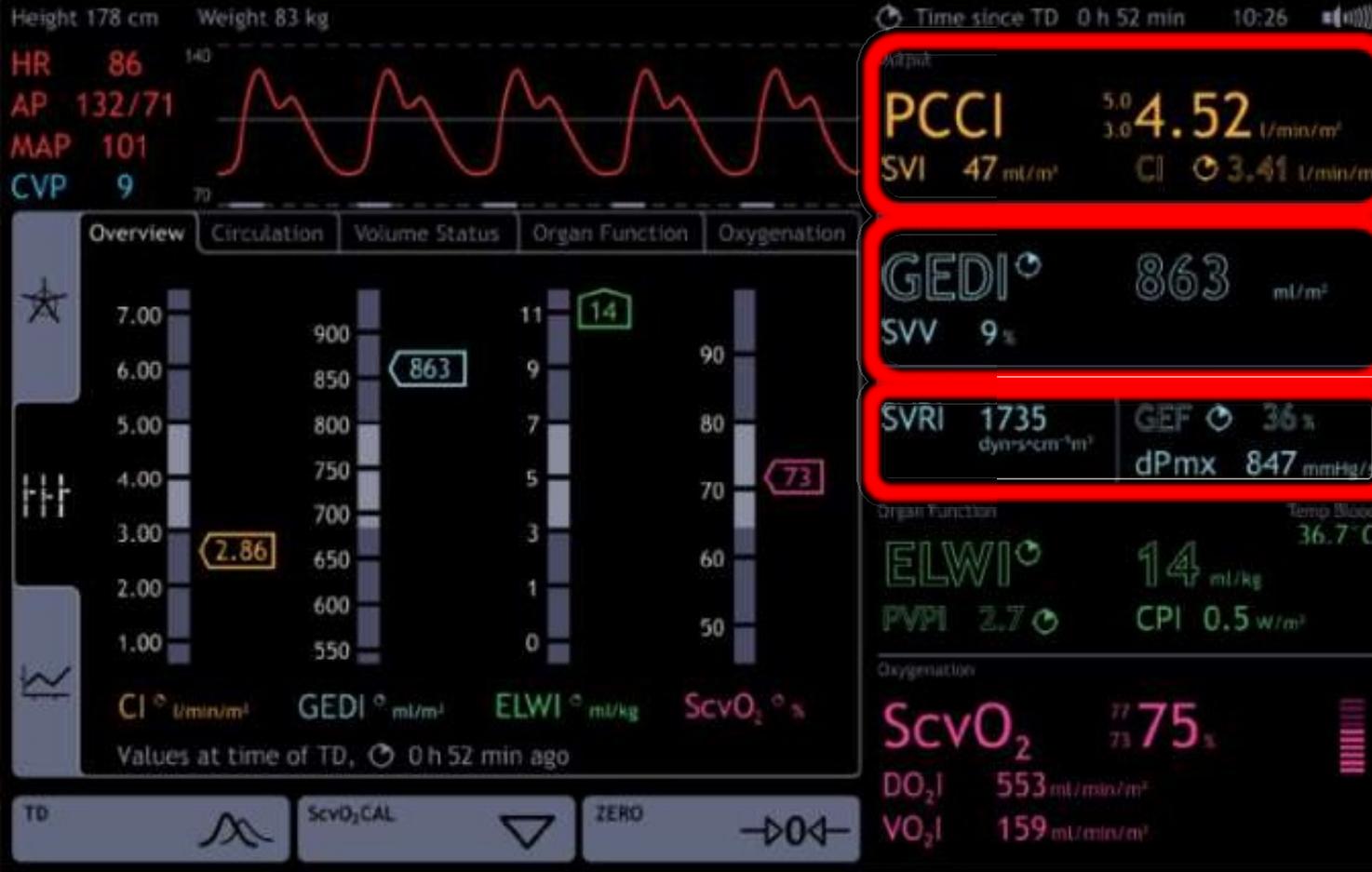
IFC - *Mesure*



IFC (> 4/min)
IC/VTDGI

FEG (25-35%)
IC/FC





Débit cardiaque

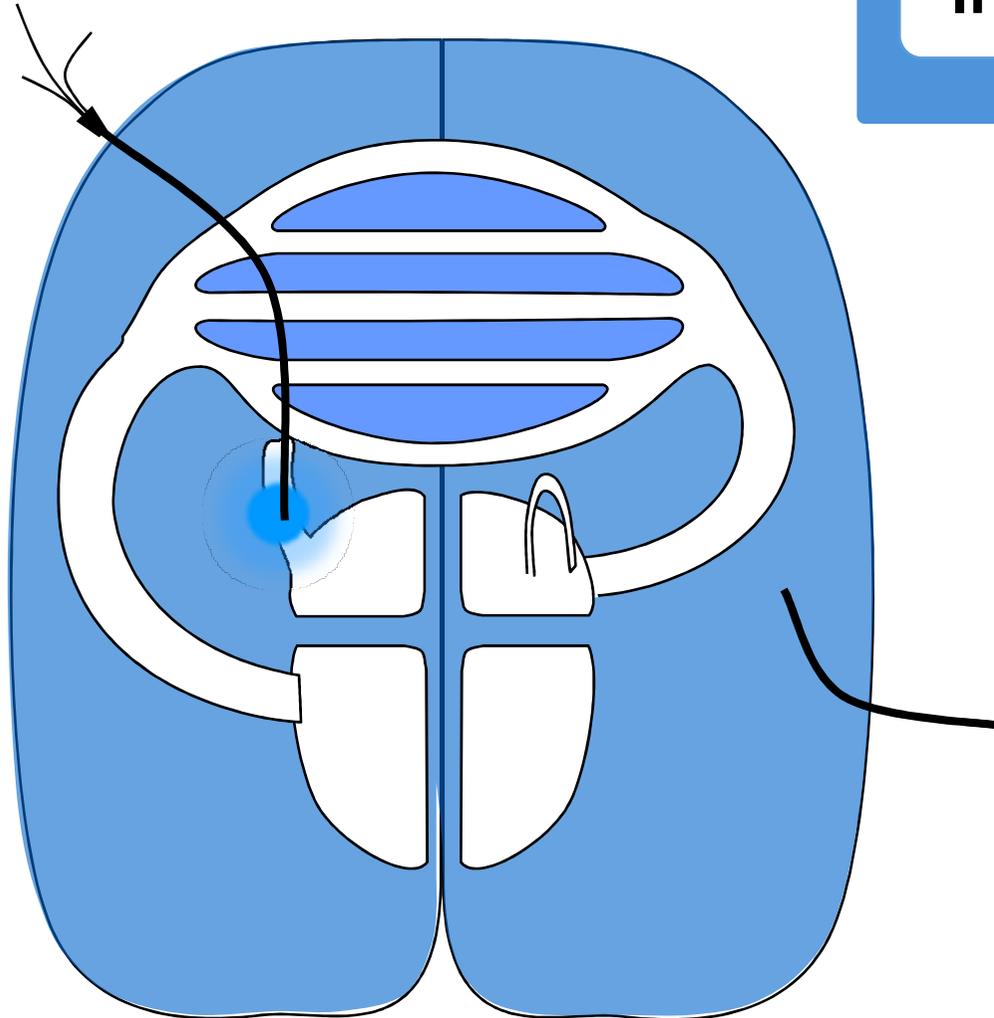
Précharge et réserve de précharge

Fonction systolique VG



IFC - *Mesure*

bolus froid



$$\text{IFC} = \text{IC} / \text{VTDGI}$$

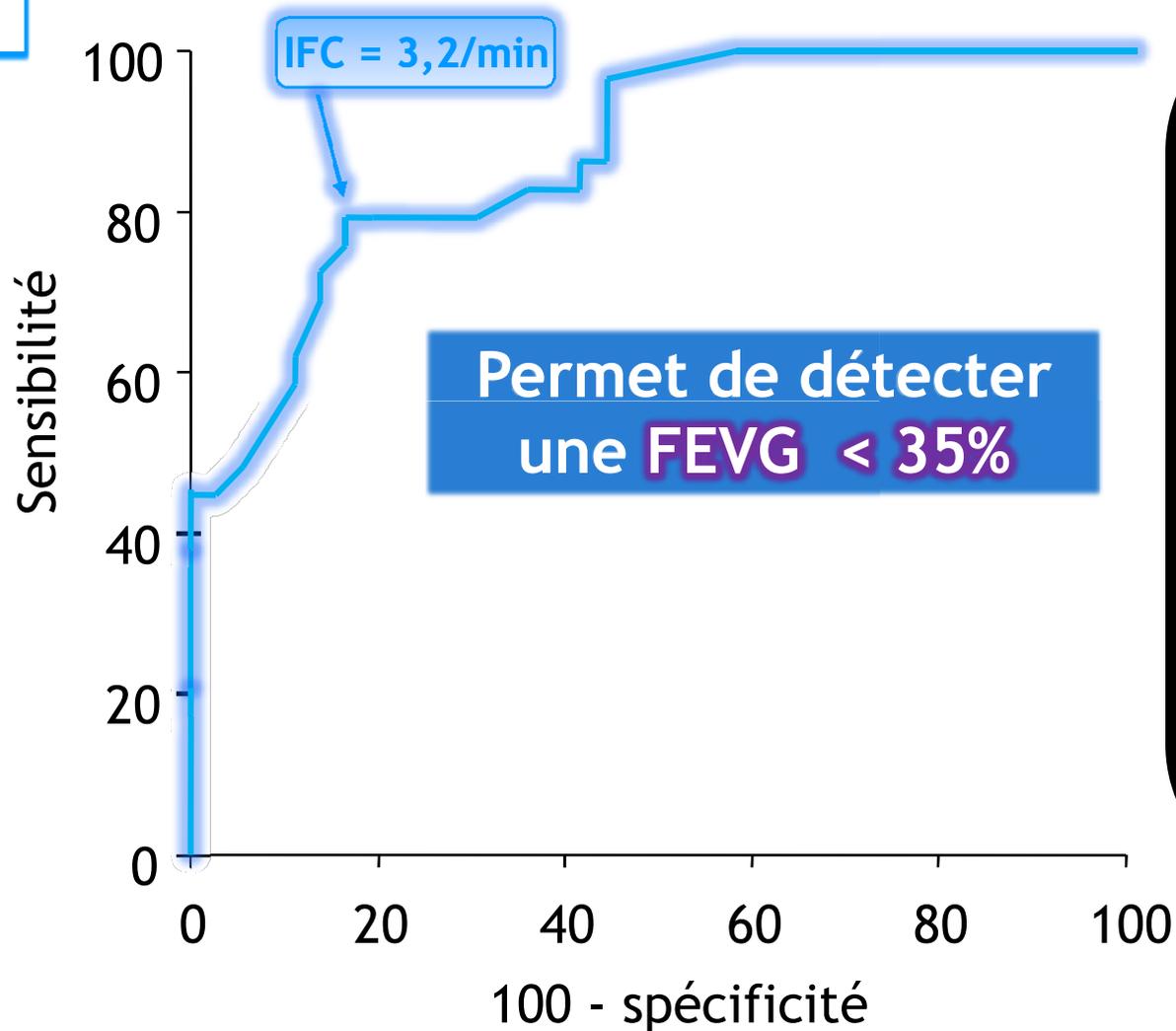
$$\text{FEG} = \text{IFC} / \text{FC}$$

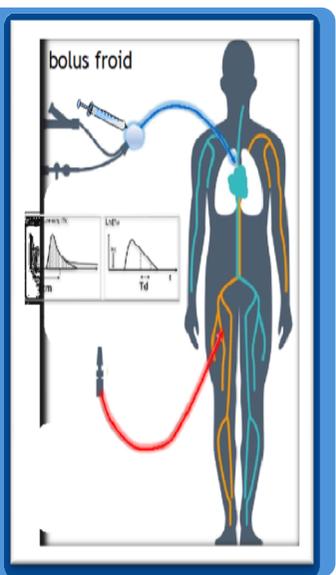
FEG
25 à 35 %



IFC - *Indice de contractilité*

patients
O et ETT





10:21 | 180 cm 90 kg

PiCCO

ELWI 6
PVPI 2.1

Eau pulmonaire extravasculaire

Perméabilité vasculaire pulmonaire

Débit cardiaque

Précharge

Fonction systolique VG

tdCI 1.91
GEDI 446
GEF 13
CFI 4.3

Cl_{pc} 1.91
SVV 24
TB 37.0

SVRI 2590

AP 115 / 65 (82) mmHg
HR 127 / 127 1/min
CVP 20 mmHg
Last input ** h ** min ago

SVI 15
SVV 24
PPV 24

CI 15.00
7.50
0.00
-24 h 10:21

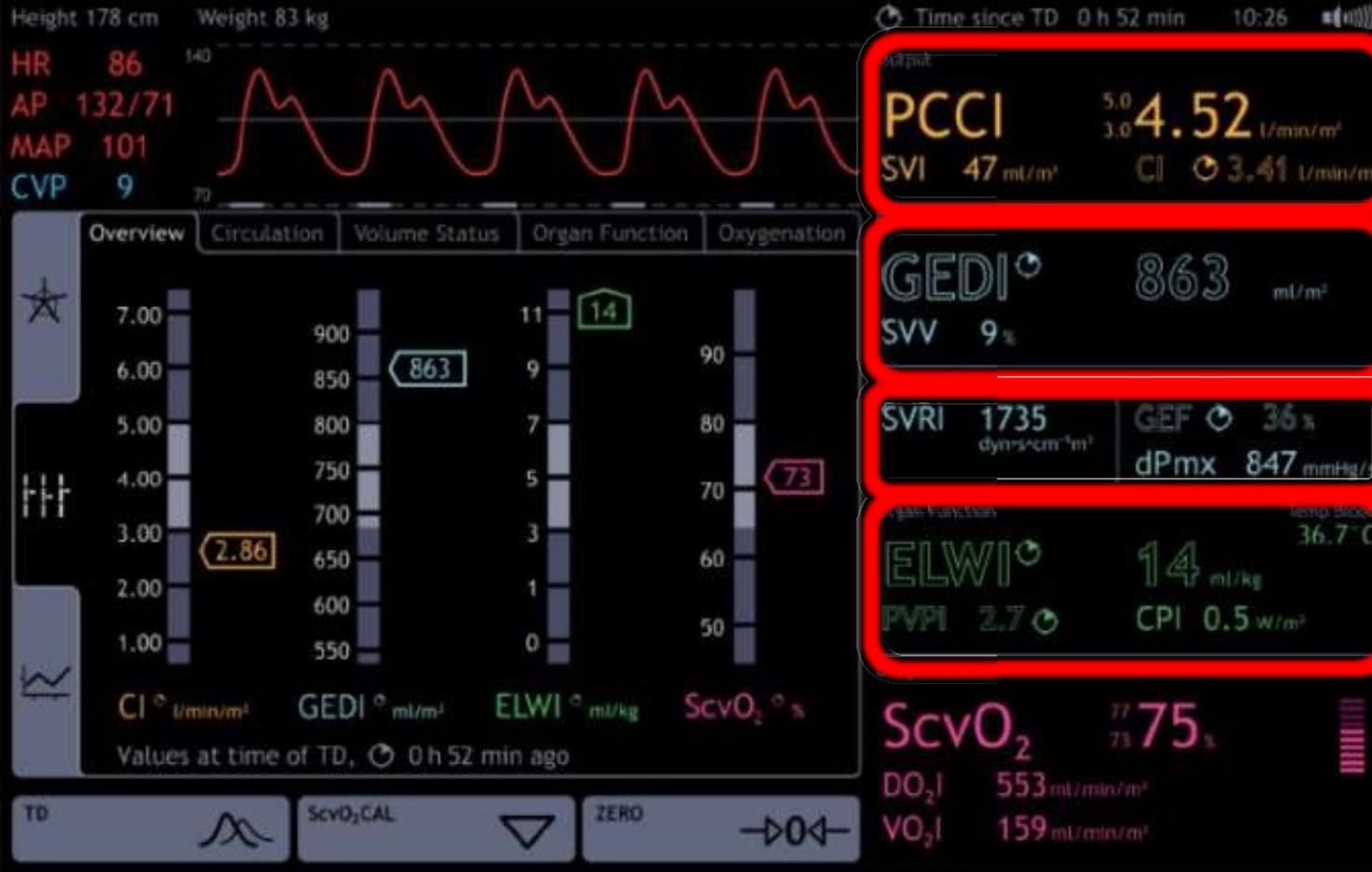
Eau pulmonaire extravasculaire

Perméabilité vasculaire pulmonaire

Débit cardiaque

Précharge

Fonction systolique VG



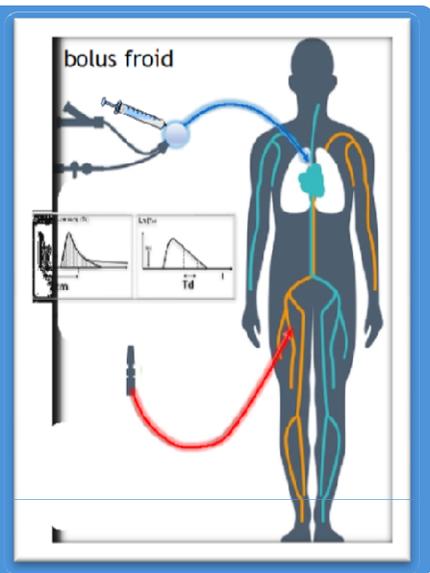
Débit cardiaque

Précharge et réserve de précharge

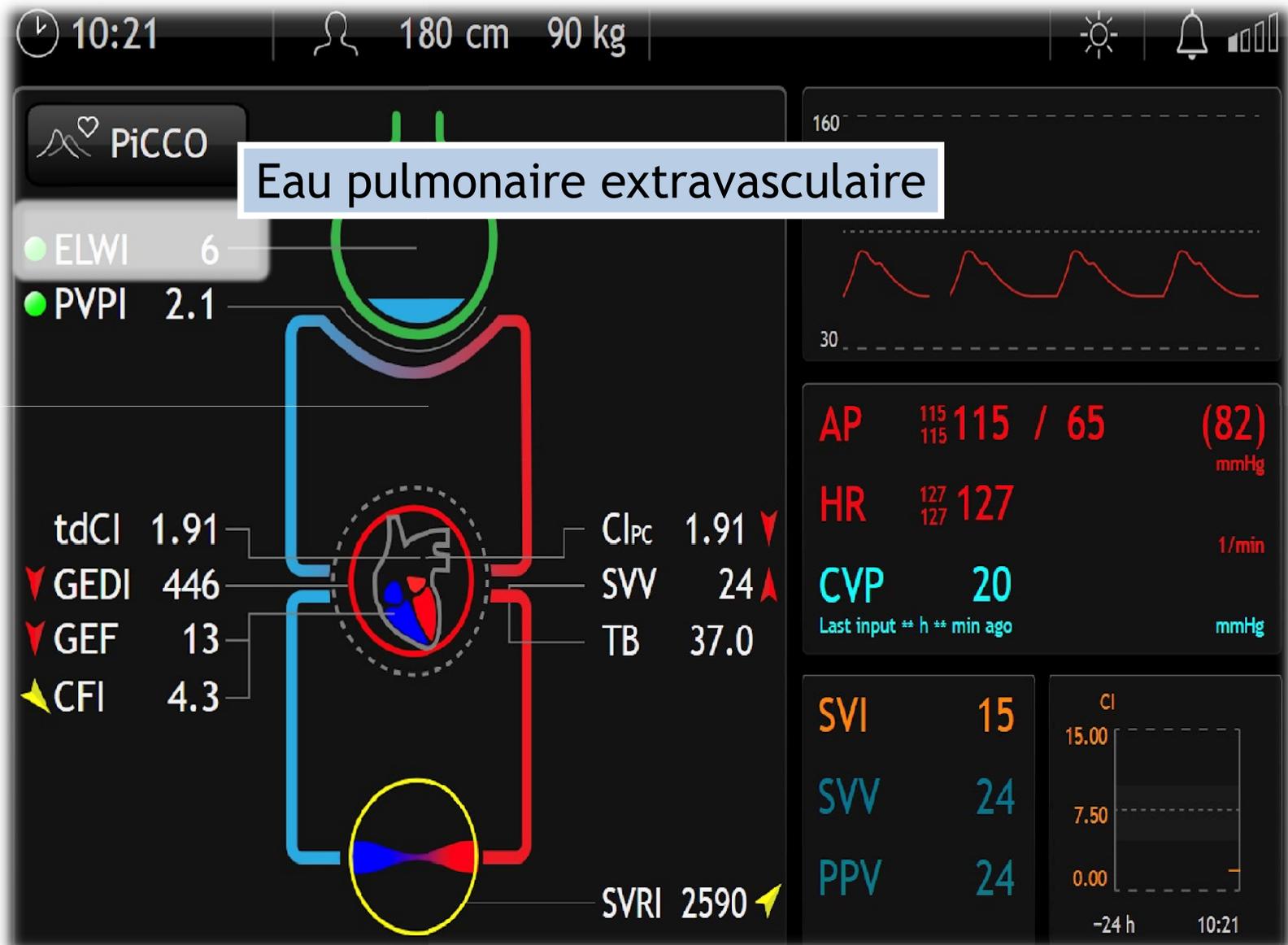
Fonction systolique VG

Eau et perméabilité vasculaire pulmonaires

EPEV - *Mesure*

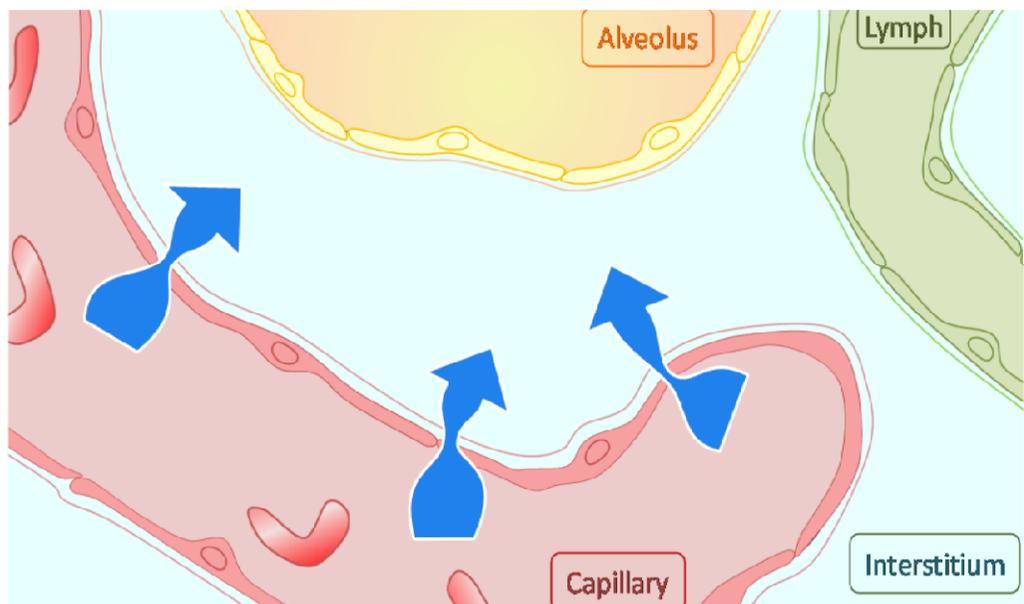


EPEV
< 10 mL/kg

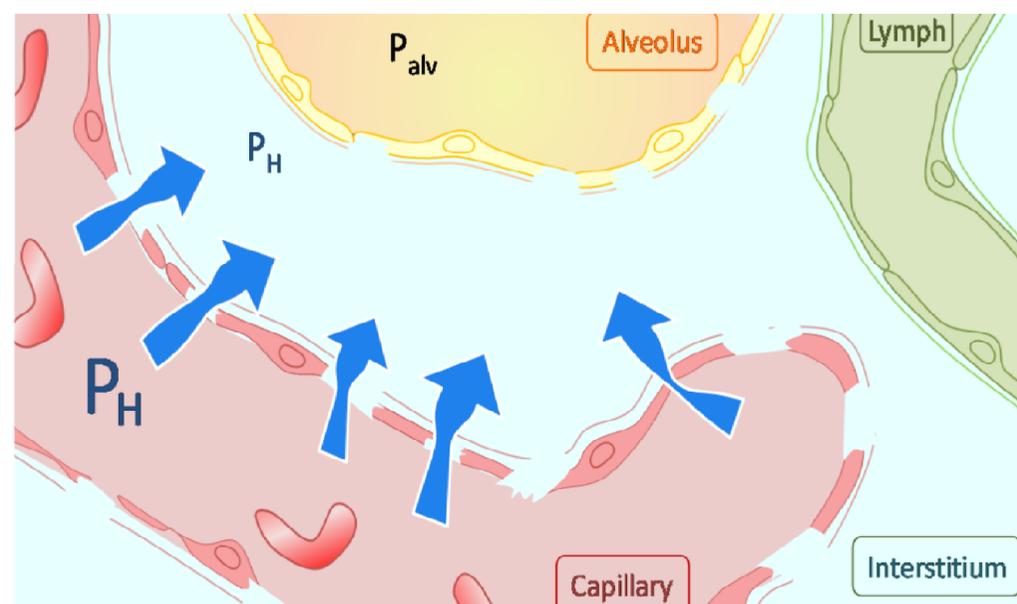


Eau pulmonaire extravasculaire (EPEV)

EPEV = volume de l'œdème pulmonaire



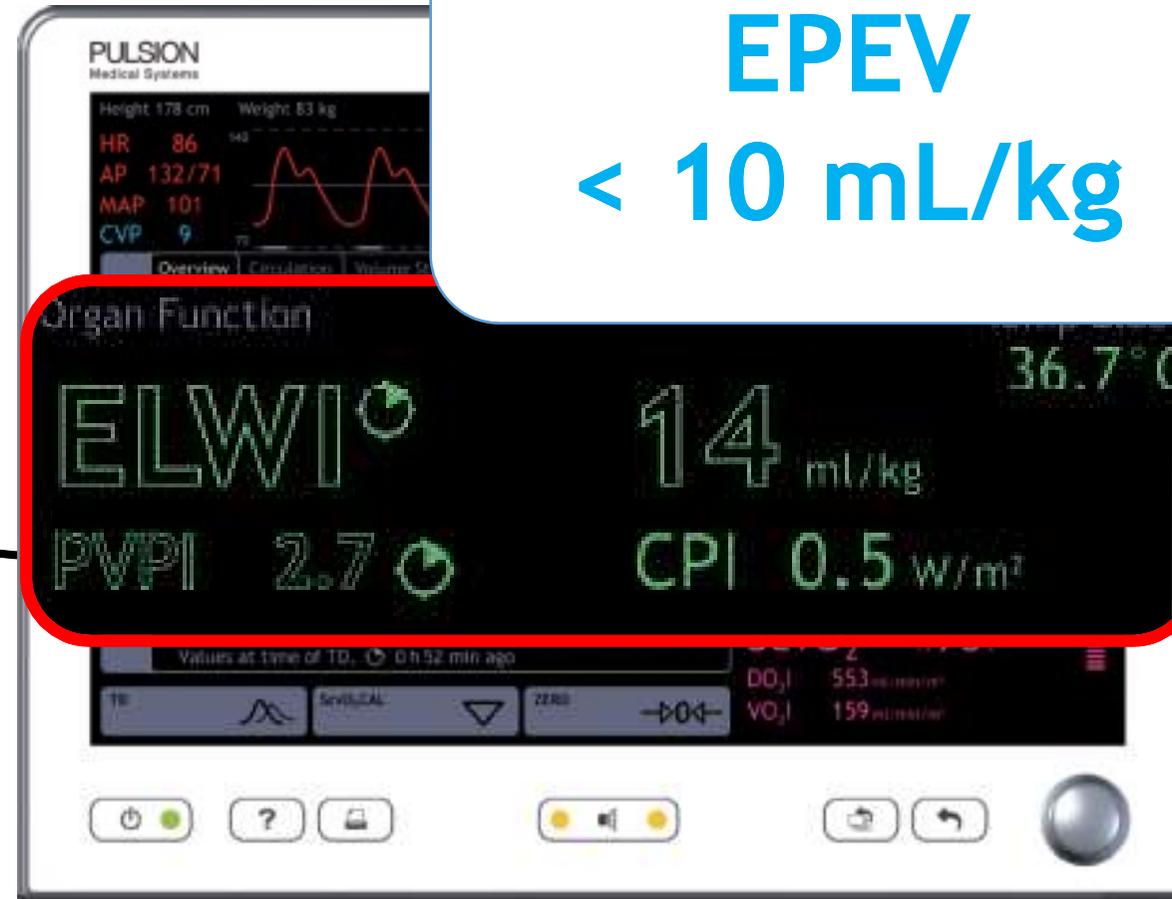
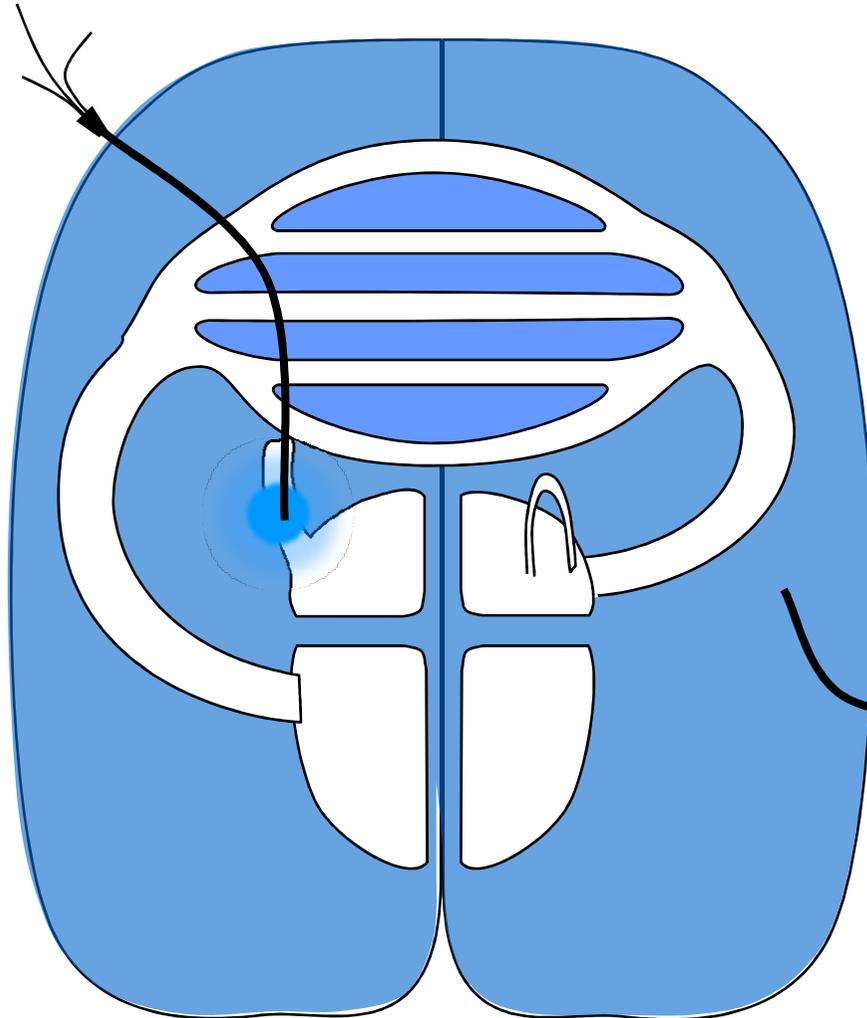
œdème pulmonaire hydrostatique



œdème pulmonaire lésionnel

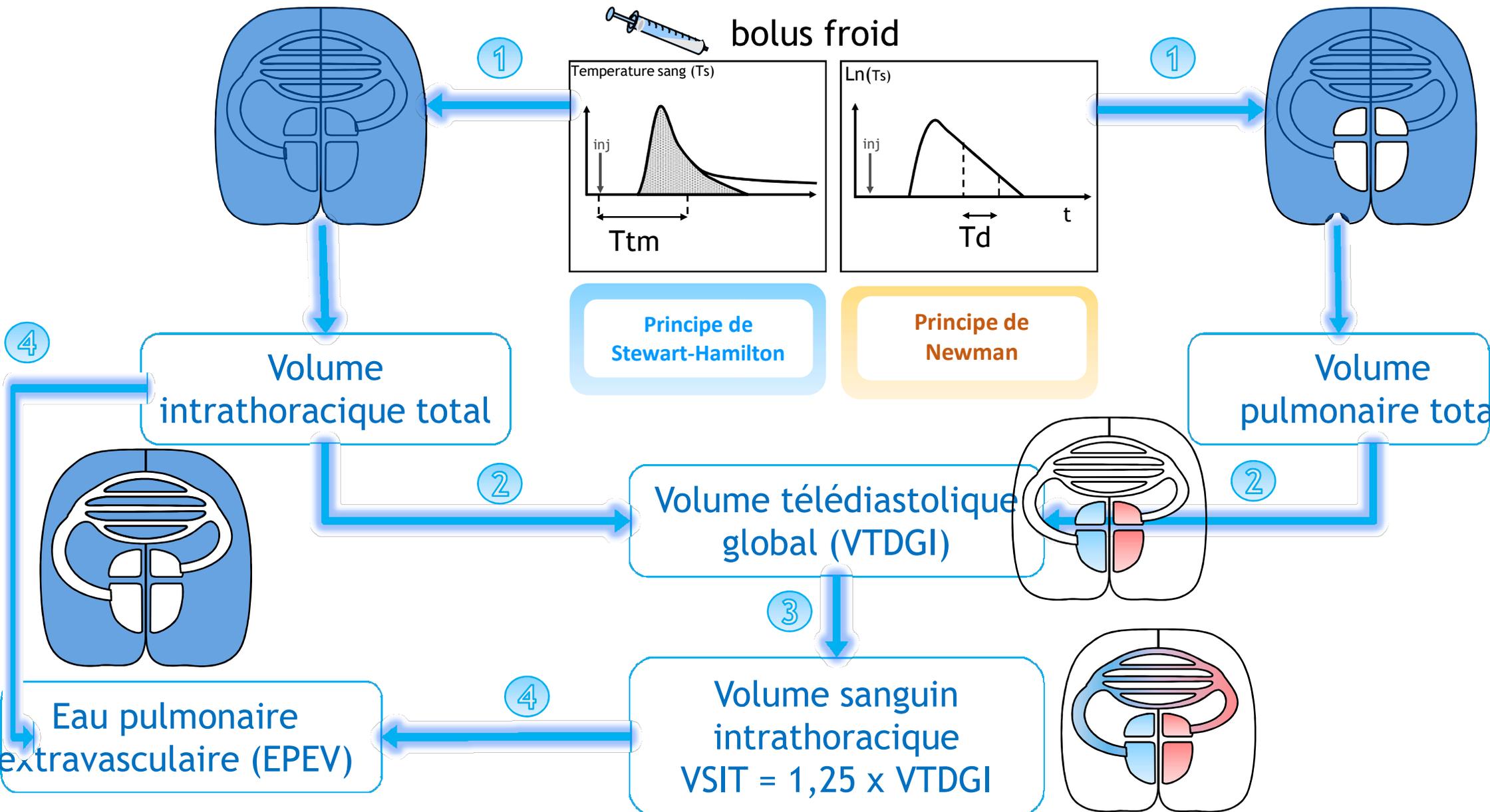
EPEV - *Measure*

bolus froid



EPEV
< 10 mL/kg

EPEV - Mesure



EPEV - Avec un KTC en fémoral

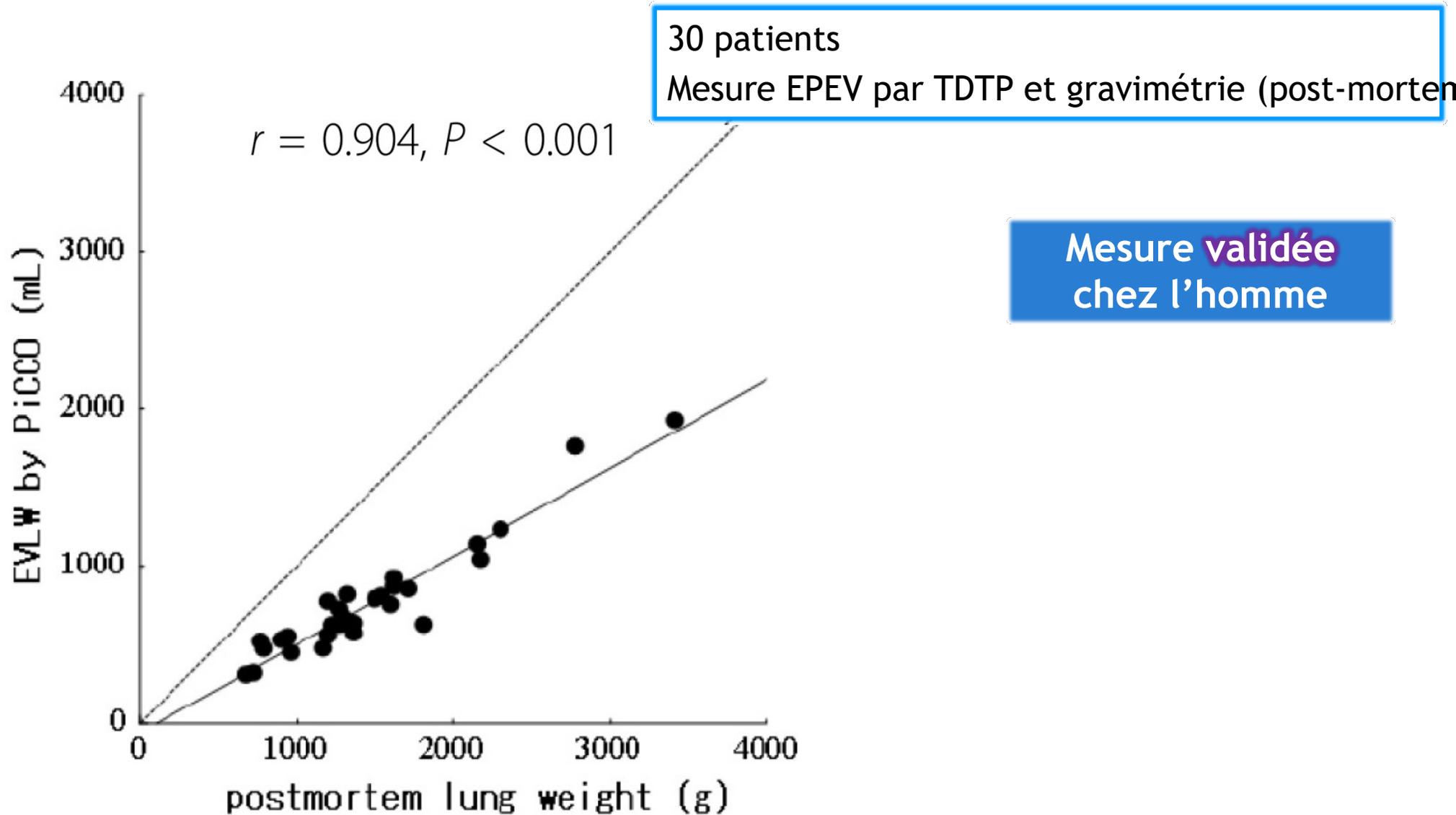
Patients avec PiCCO
fémoral + jugulaire int

	Biais	LOA	% d'erreur
	Mesure EPEV valable en fémoral		
Index cardiaque (L/min/m ²)	+ 0,29	-0,40 ; + 0,97	16%
VTDGI (mL/m ²)	+ 241	-9 ; + 491	-
EPEV (mL/kg)	+ 0,83	- 2,61 ; + 4,28	-

EPEV - *Pièges de mesure*

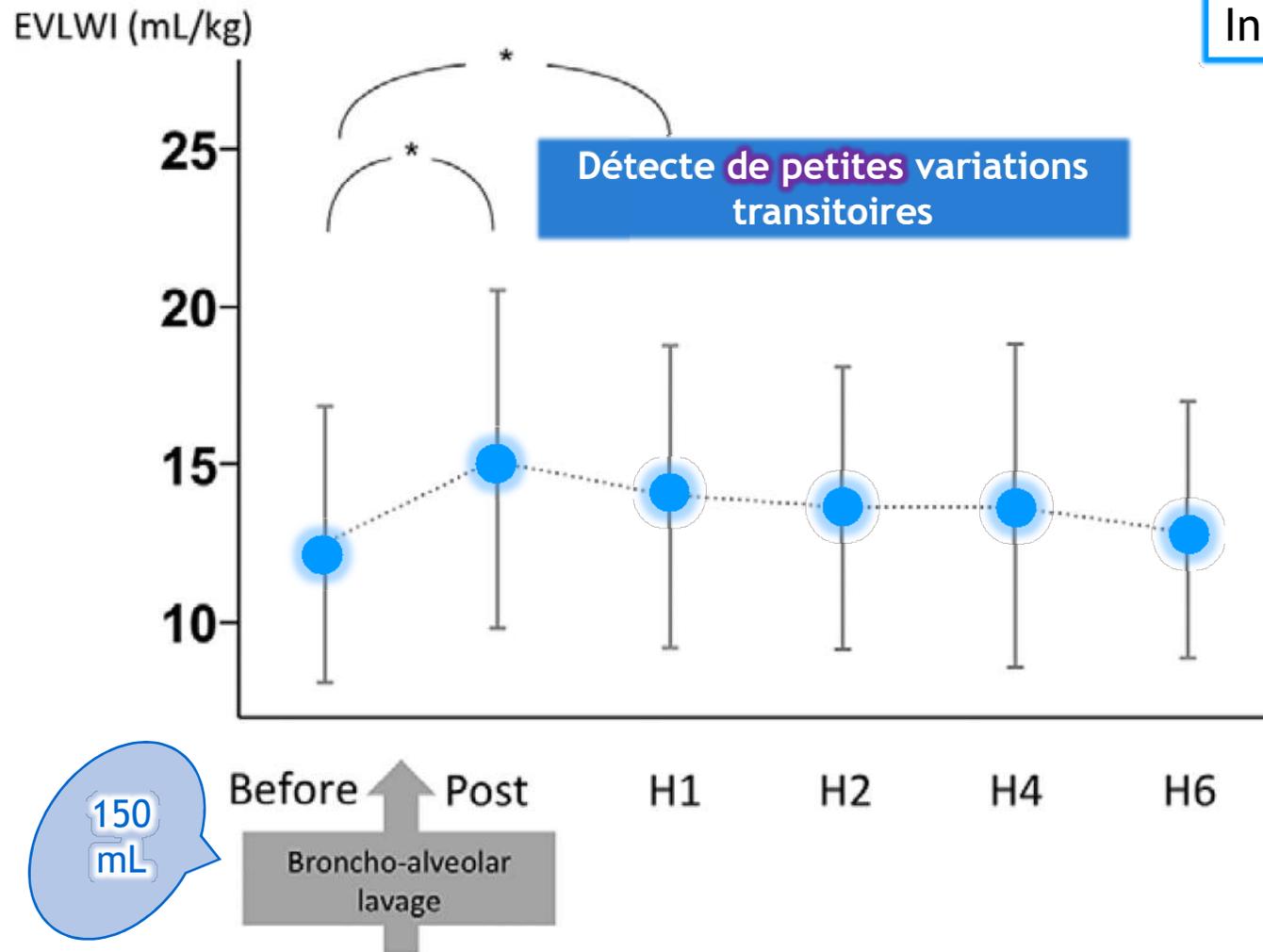
	Sur-estimation EPEV	Sous-estimation EPEV
Pression télé-expiratoire positive	●	●
Résection pulmonaire	●	
Occlusion vasculaire pulmonaire		●
SDRA inhomogènes		●
Epanchements pleuraux		●

EPEV - *Validation*



EPEV - *Indice sensible*

25 patients avec PiCCO
Indication LBA



EPEV - *Intérêt pronostic*

arch

Extravascular lung water in patients with severe sepsis: a prospective cohort study

J Martin¹, Stephanie Eaton², Meredith Mealer³ and Marc Moss⁴

Critical Care 2005, **9**:R74-R82

Open Access

septique

Prognostic Value of Extravascular Lung Water in Critically Ill Patients*

Samir G. Sakka, MD; DEAA; Magdalena Klein; Konrad Reinhart, MD; and Andreas Meier-Hellmann, MD

Réanimation

Extravascular Lung Water is an Independent Prognostic Factor in Patients with Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome

Crit Care Med 2013

SDRA

Mathieu Jozwiak, MD; Serena Silva, MD; Romain Persichini, MD; Nadia Anguel, MD; David Osman, MD; Christian Richard, MD; Jean-Louis Teboul, MD, PhD; Xavier Monnet, MD, PhD

Extravascular lung water in sepsis-associated acute respiratory distress syndrome: Indexing with predicted body weight correlation with severity of illness and survival*

Charles R. Phillips, MD; Mark S. Chesnutt, MD; Stephen M. Smith, PhD, FJFICM

Crit Care M

SDRA

Brown et al. *Annals of Intensive Care* 2013, **3**:25
<http://www.annalsofintensivecare.com/content/3/1/25>

Annals of Intensive Care
a SpringerOpen Journal

RESEARCH

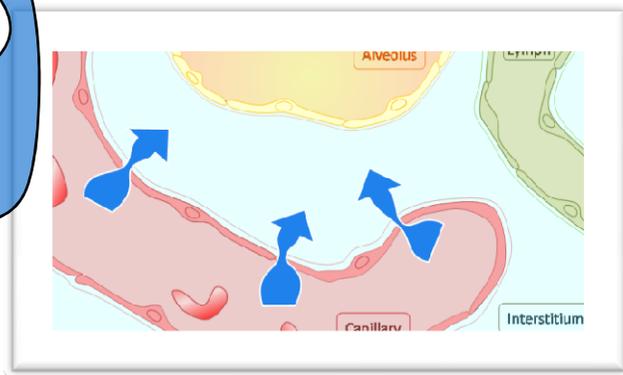
Open

Comparison of thermodilution measured extravascular lung water with chest radiograph assessment of pulmonary oedema in patients with acute lung injury

Lisa M Brown^{1,2}, Carolyn S Calfee^{3,4}, James P Howard^{2,5}, Thelma R Craig^{6,7}, Michael A Matthay^{2,3,8*} and Daniel F McAuley^{6,7}

Facteur pronostic indépendant
de mortalité chez l'homme

EPEV - *Intérêt pronostique*

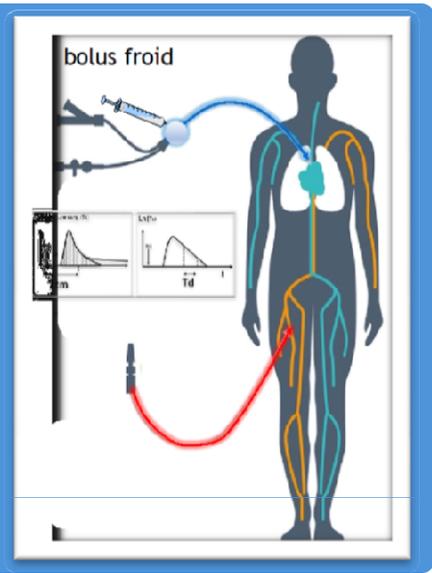


Etude rétrospective
200 patients avec un SD
NAD : 0,3 à 1,3 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}/\text{r}$
Mortalité de 54% à J28

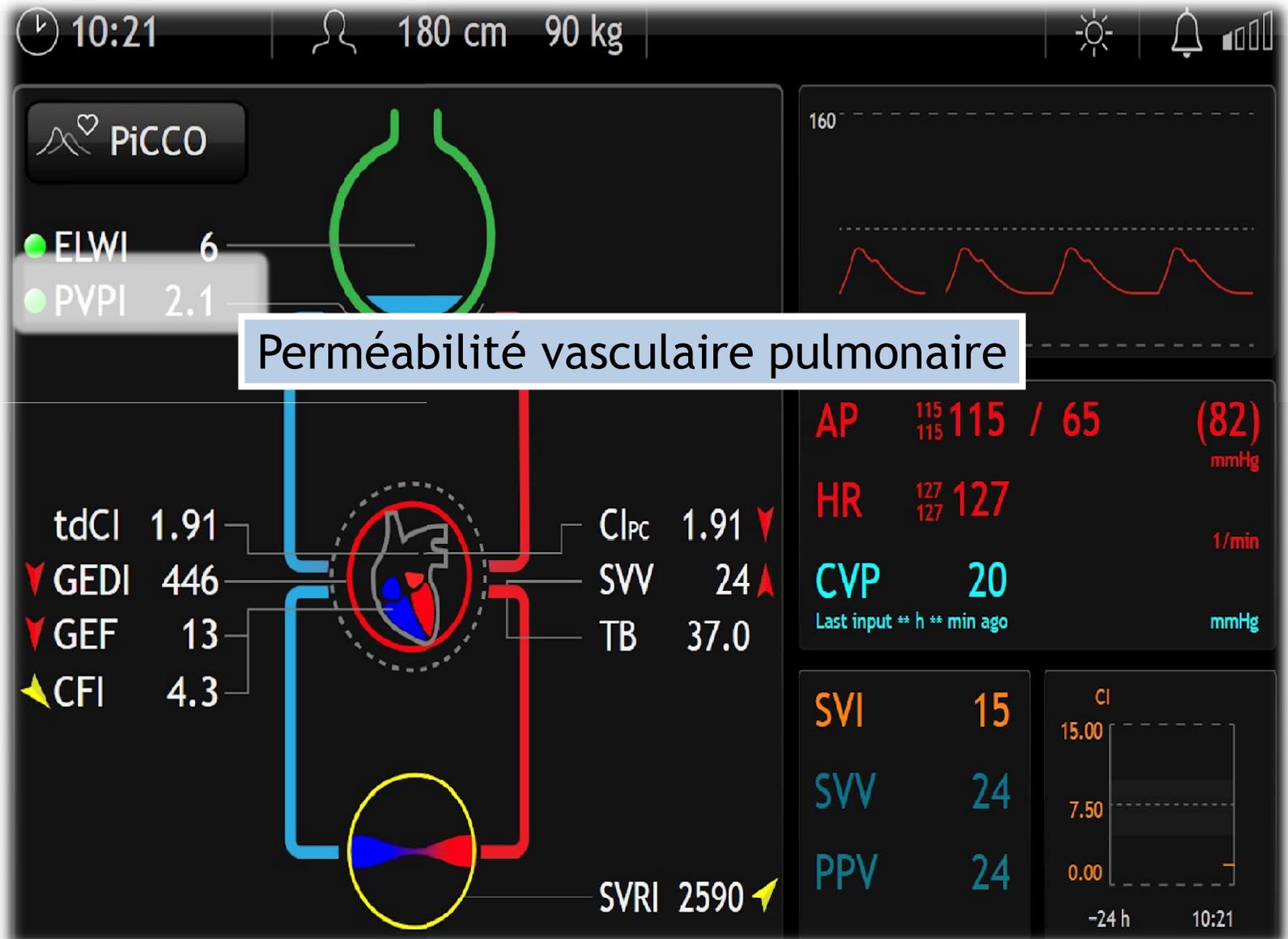
Maximum value of extravascular lung water indexed to predicted body weight recorded during the acute respiratory distress syndrome episode (1 unit = 1 mL/kg)	1.07 (1.02–1.12)	0.007
Maximum blood lactate (1 unit = 1 mmol/L)	1.29 (1.14–1.46)	0.0001
Minimum $\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2$ (1 unit = 1 mm Hg)	0.98 (0.97–0.99)	0.006
Mean positive end-expiratory pressure (1 unit = 1 cm H_2O)	0.78 (0.67–0.91)	0.002
Simplified Acute Physiologic Score II (1 unit = 1 point)	1.03 (1.01–1.05)	0.02
Mean cumulative fluid balance (1 unit = 1 mL)	1.0004 (1.0001–1.0008)	0.02

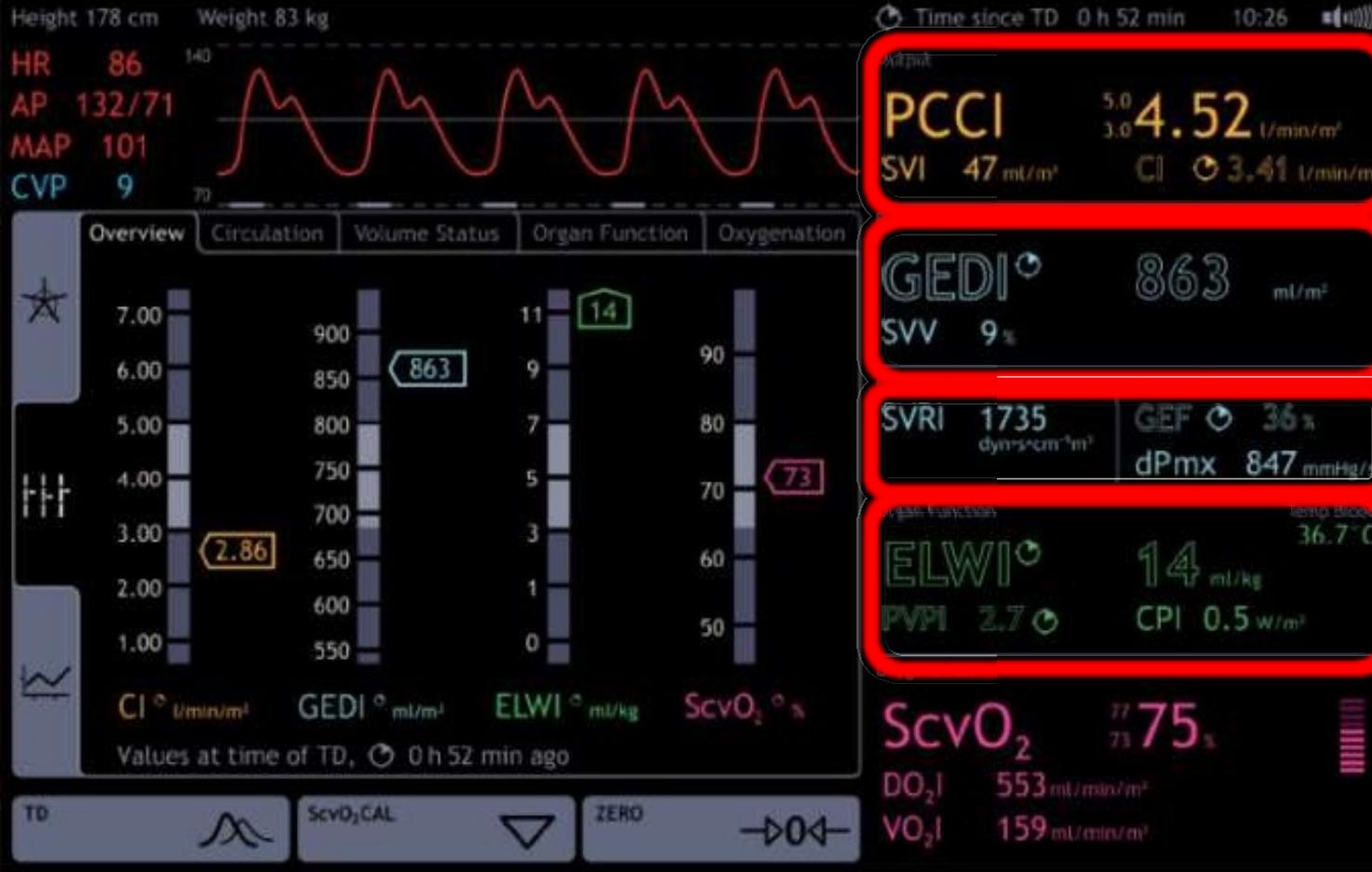
Jozwiak et al. CCM 2013;41:472

IPVP - *Mesure*



IPVP < 3





Débit cardiaque

Précharge et réserve de précharge

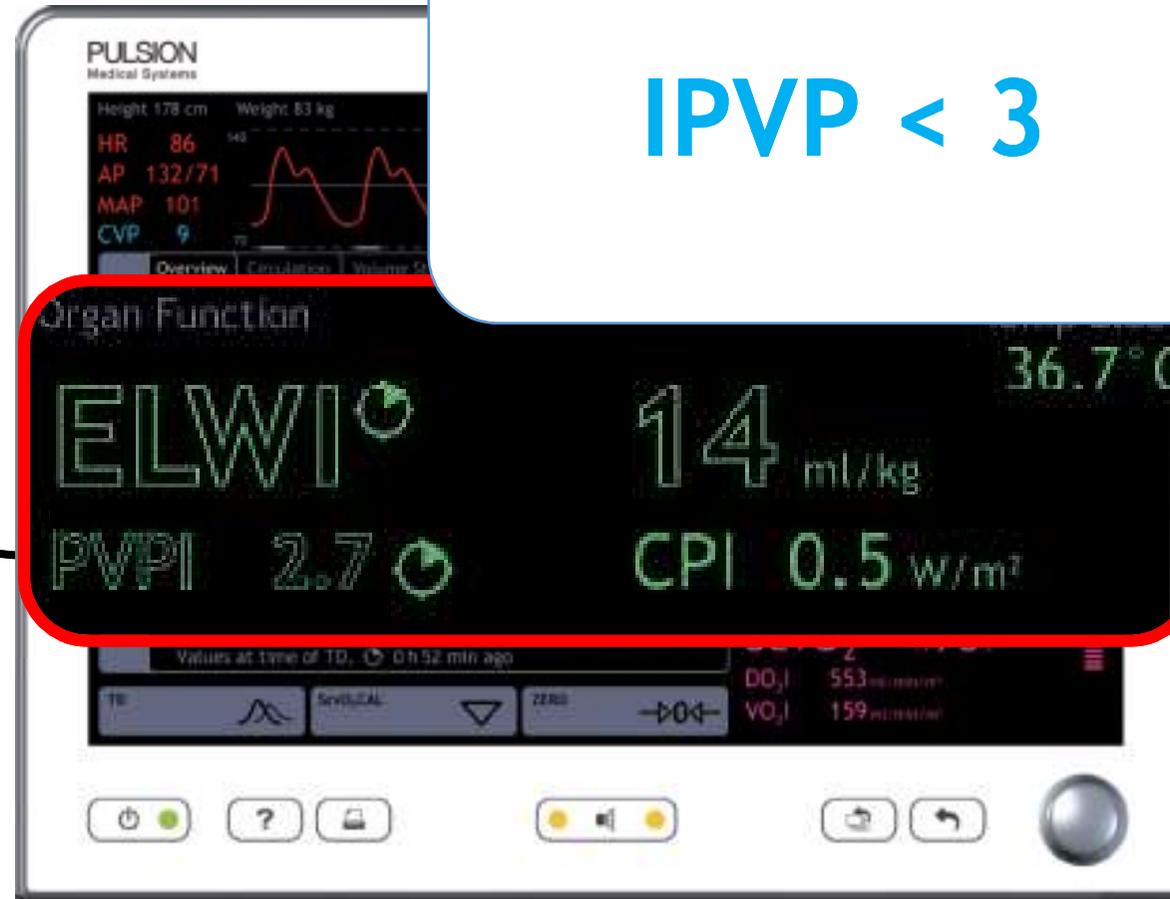
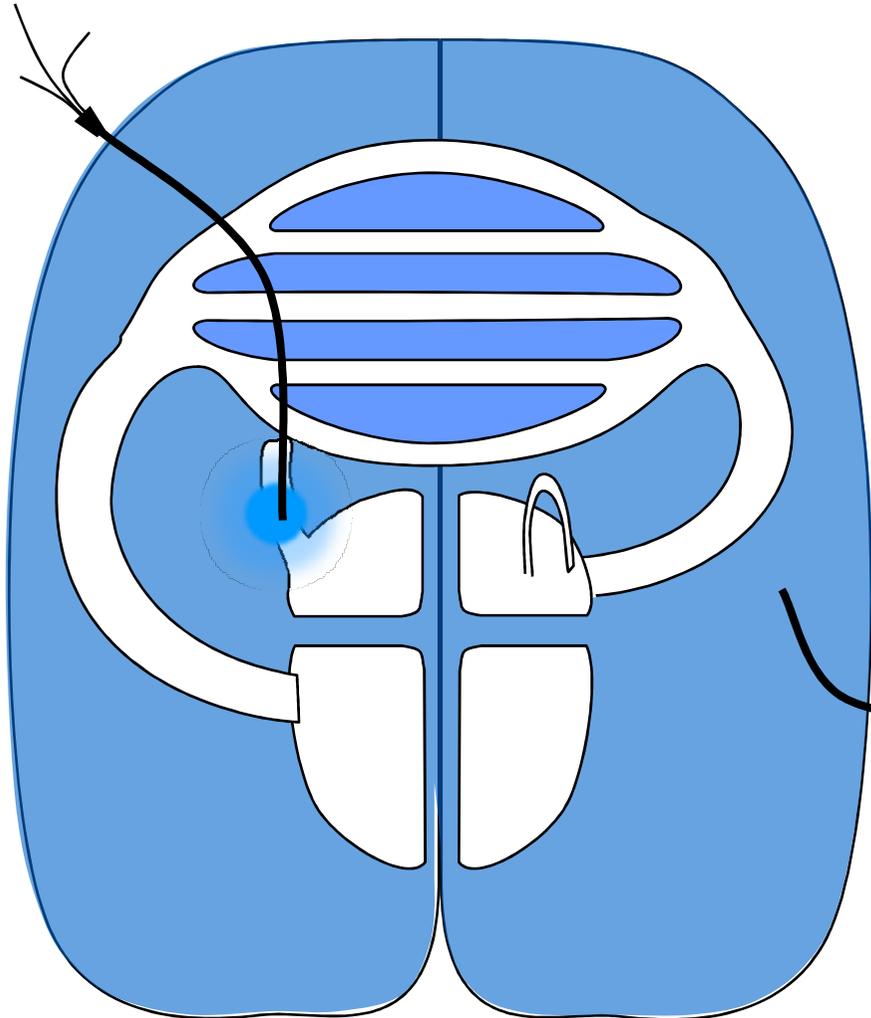
Fonction systolique VG

Eau et perméabilité vasculaire pulmonaires



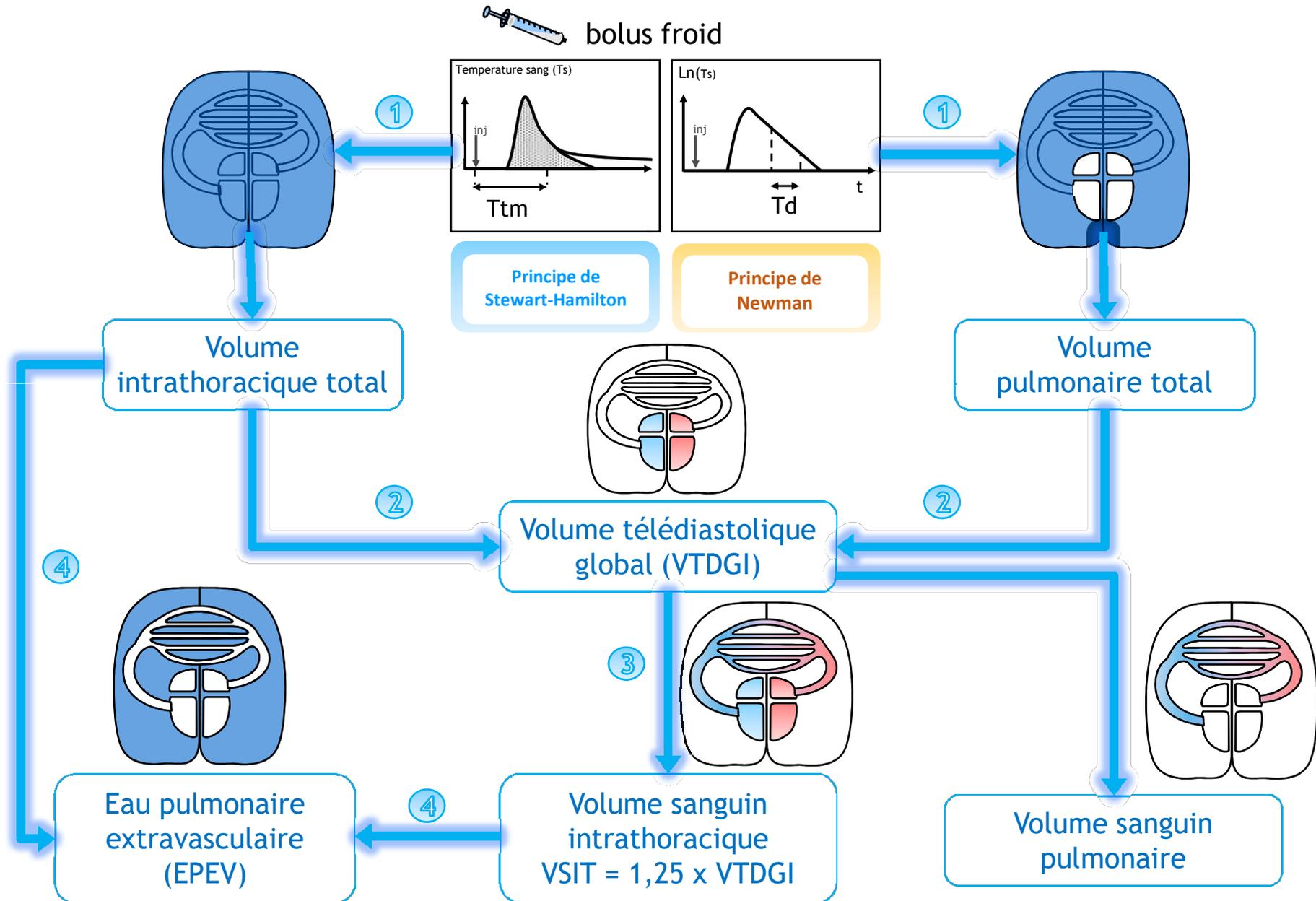
IPVP - *Measure*

bolus froid



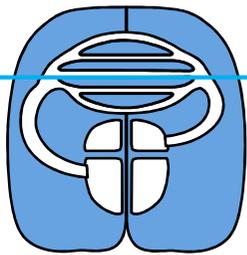
IPVP < 3

IPVP - *Mesure*

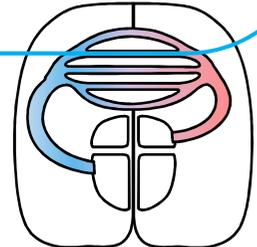


IPVP - *Mesure*

$$\text{IPVP} = \frac{\text{Volume extravasculaire}}{\text{Volume intravasculaire}}$$

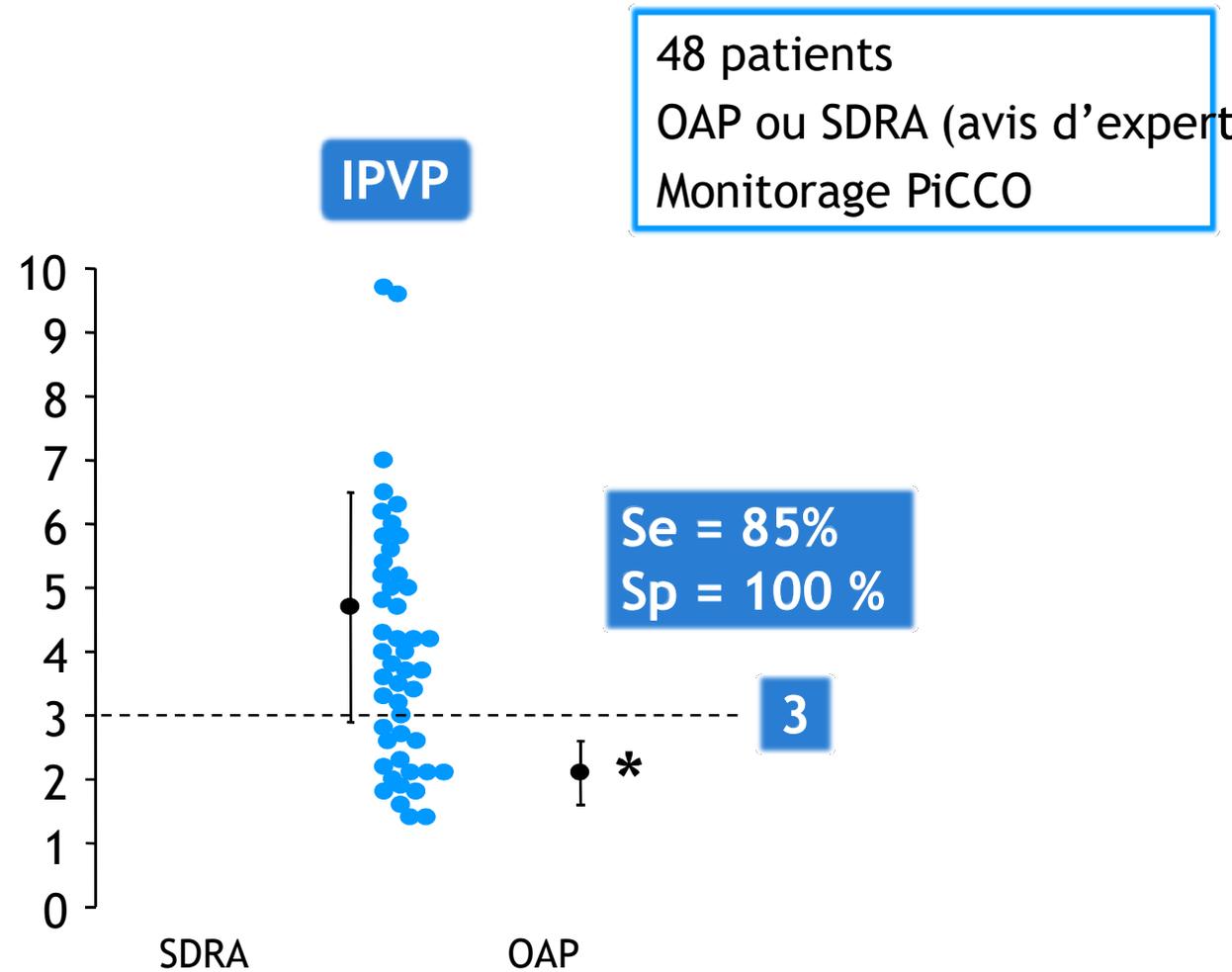
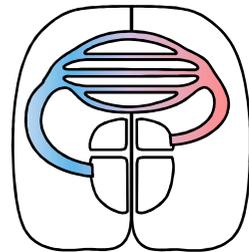
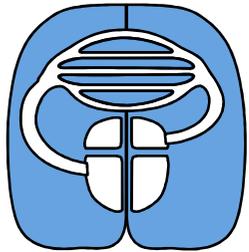


Eau pulmonaire extravasculaire (EPEV)

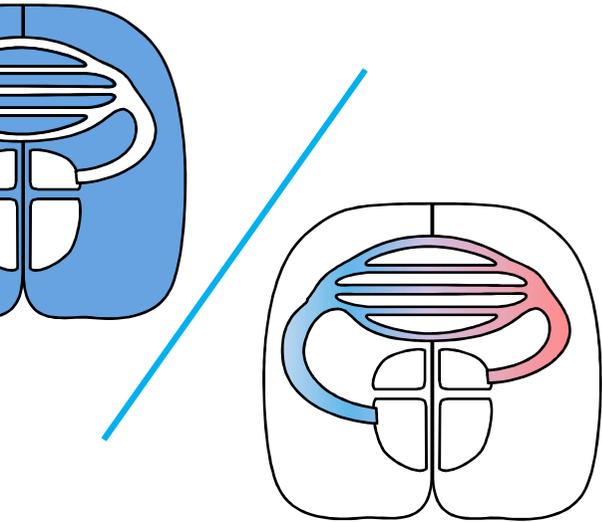


Volume sanguin pulmonaire

IPVP - *Validation*



IPVP - *Intérêt pronostic*

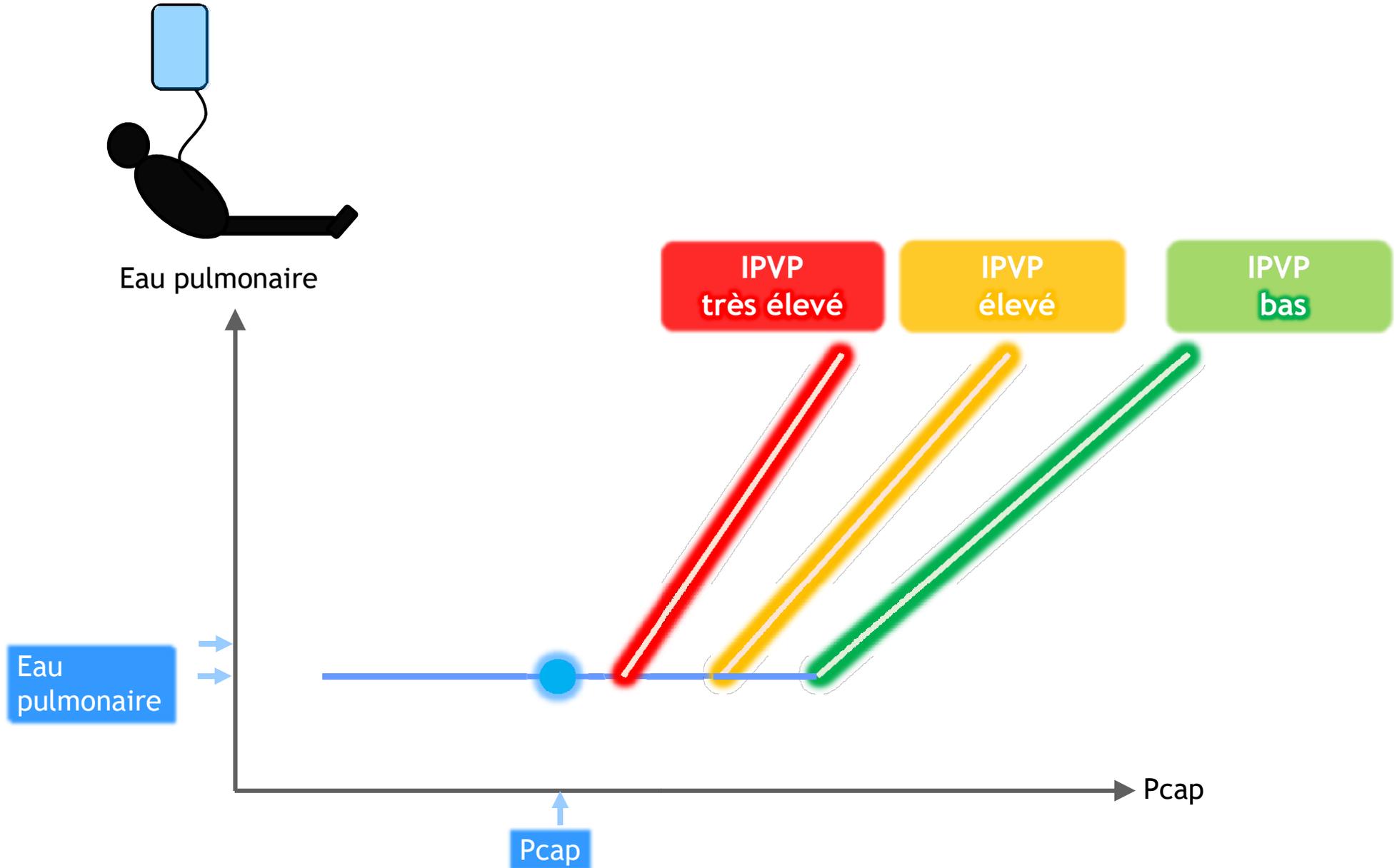


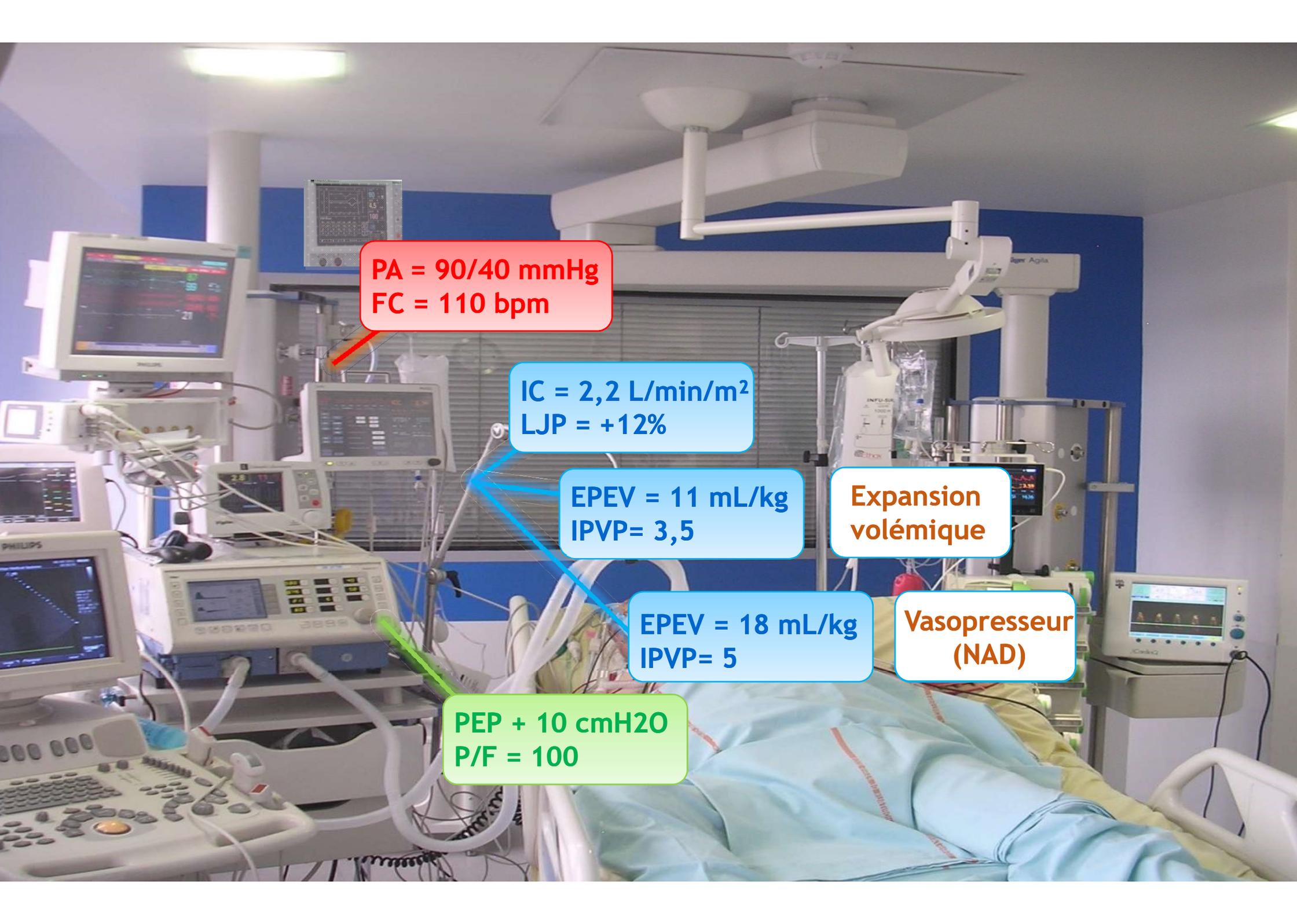
Etude rétrospective
 200 patients avec un SD
 NAD : 0,3 à 1,3 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}/\text{r}$
 Mortalité de 54% à J28

Maximum value of pulmonary vascular permeability index recorded during the acute respiratory distress syndrome episode (1 unit = 1 point)	1.27 (1.03–1.57)	0.03
Maximum blood lactate (1 unit = 1 mmol/L)	1.27 (1.12–1.45)	0.0
Maximum $\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2$ (1 unit = 1 mm Hg)	0.98 (0.97–0.99)	0.0
Mean positive end-expiratory pressure (1 unit = 1 cm H_2O)	0.78 (0.67–0.91)	0.0
Simplified Acute Physiologic Score II (1 unit = 1 point)	1.03 (1.01–1.05)	0.0
Mean cumulative fluid balance (1 unit = 1 mL)	1.0004 (1.0000–1.0007)	0.0

Jozwiak et al. CCM 2013;41:472

IPVP - *Intérêt thérapeutique*





PA = 90/40 mmHg
FC = 110 bpm

IC = 2,2 L/min/m²
LJP = +12%

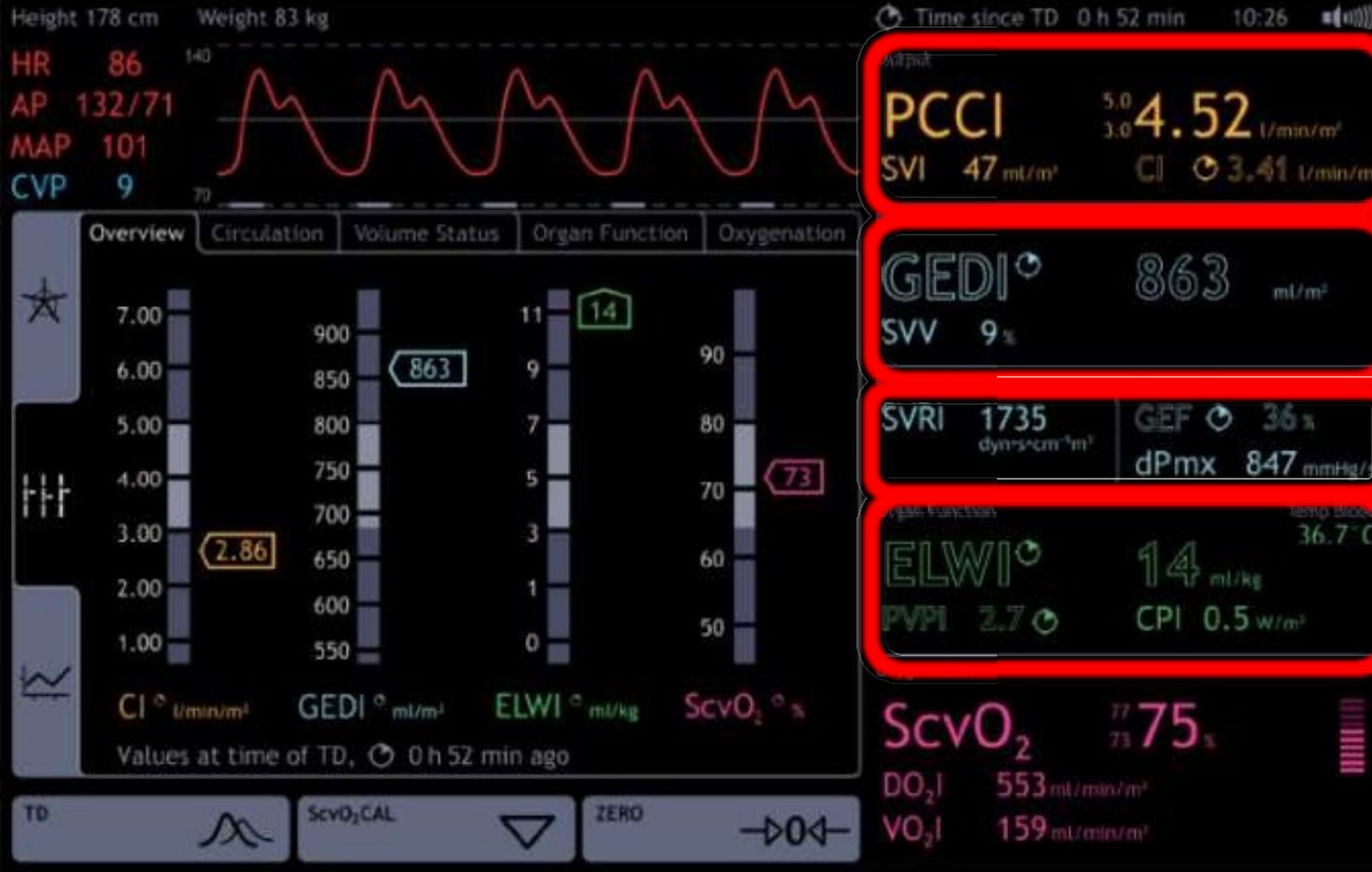
EPEV = 11 mL/kg
IPVP = 3,5

Expansion
volémique

EPEV = 18 mL/kg
IPVP = 5

Vasopresseur
(NAD)

PEP + 10 cmH₂O
P/F = 100

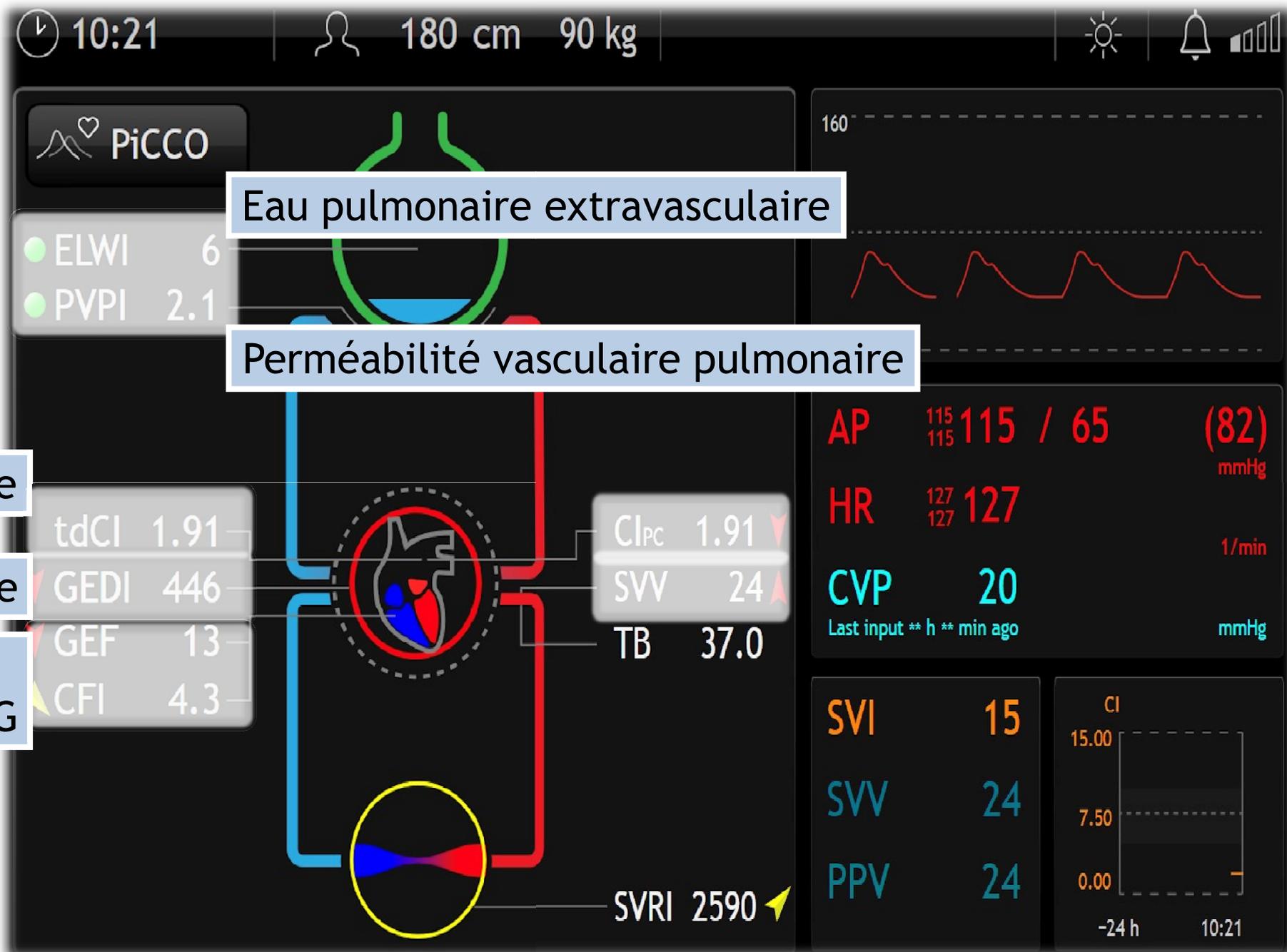
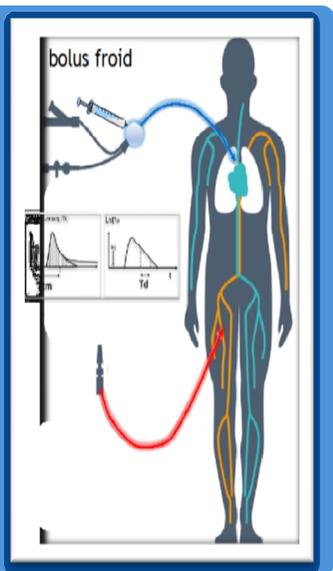


Débit cardiaque

Précharge et réserve de précharge

Fonction systolique VG

Eau et perméabilité vasculaire pulmonaires



Eau pulmonaire extravasculaire

Perméabilité vasculaire pulmonaire

Débit cardiaque

Précharge

Fonction systolique VG



Journées Francophones de Réanimation

Thermodilution transpulmonaire

Mathieu Jozwiak, service MIR Nice

22 juin 2024



UNIVERSITÉ
CÔTE D'AZUR

FACULTÉ
DE MÉDEC